Morning Oregonian.

XXIV. PORTLAND, OREGON: TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 19, 1884. NO. 7575

RAILWAYS AND STEAMSHIPS.

O. R. & N. Co.

EXCURSION Season of, 1884.

STEAMER WIDE WEST

WILL LEAVE ASH ST. WHARF FOR A DAY at 8 A. M., until further notice TUESDAY and THURSDAY; for Astoria WEDNESDAY, SATURDAY at 2 P. M.; SUNDAY at 4:15 P. M. and FRIDAY at 8 A. M.

TICKETS FOR ROUND TRIP, $2

W. DE WEST will touch at St. Helens, Kalama, Rainier, Oak Point, Cathlamet, Brookfield and landings where she can receive passengers, and will connect at Astoria with the L. N. Co. or General Miles for Fort Stevens, Fort Canby, Ilwaco. WIDE WEST also connects with the Seaside House and Grimes Hotel. Tickets to Ilwaco and Return $3; good until ...

PUGET SOUND AND VICTORIA.

DAILY except Sundays. Steamer leaves Ash st. wharf at 7 A. M. Round Trip Tickets to Tacoma, Seattle and Victoria:

Port and to Tacoma and Return ...

Portland to Seattle and Return ...

Portland to Victoria and Return ...

Passengers having Portland Monday, Wednesday or Friday will connect at Tacoma with steamer ... on alternate days with steamer North ...

TO THE CASCADES BY WATER

Steamer leaves Ash st. wharf daily except Sunday at 7 A. M.; returning, arrives at Portland at ... Fare for the Round Trip $2.

MULTNOMAH FALLS,

WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.

Round Trip Tickets.

Train leaves East Portland (O. & C. Ferry) at ... arriving at Multnomah Falls at ...; leave the Falls at 3:45 P. M., arriving at East Portland ...

Procure tickets before going on train. Excursion tickets can only be purchased from agents of the company. Persons ... aboard boats or trains without tickets will be charged full fare.

A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket Agent, Ash st. Wharf.

Oregon R'y & Navigation Co.

OCEAN DIVISION.

LEAVE PORTLAND AT 12 MIDNIGHT		LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO AT 10 A. M.	
Oregon, Monday	Aug. 4	State, Saturday	Aug.
State, Saturday	Aug.	Columbia, Thurs.	Aug.
Columbia, Thurs.	Aug. 14	Oregon, Tuesday	Aug.
Oregon, Tuesday	Aug. 19	State, Sunday	Aug.
State, Sunday	Aug.	Columbia, Friday	Aug.
Columbia, Friday	Aug. 29	Oregon, Wed.	Aug.
Oregon, Wed.	Sept. 3	State, Monday	Sept.
State, Monday	Sept. 8	Columbia, Sat.	Sept.

Right reserved to change steamers or sailing days.

RAIL DIVISION.

Transfer steamer connecting with Atlantic Express leaves Ash st. wharf Portland daily, at 11 A. M. Pacific Express arrives at Portland daily at ... In the Atlas Passenger Trains run daily ... at Wallula Junction for points on N. P. R. R. Through Sleeping Cars.—Pullman Palace Drawing Room Sleeping Cars between Portland and ... Emigrant Trains leave East Portland at ... and arrive at 4:15 A. M. daily. Emigrant Sleepers are run through to St. Paul without change. Between Heron, Mon., and St. Paul emigrants are carried on Express trains.

MIDDLE COLUMBIA RIVER DIVISION.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Boat leaves Portland for Dalles at 7 A. M. Boat arrives at Portland from Dalles at ... P. M.

Leave Portland for	Mo.	Tu.	Wed.	Th.	Fri.
Astoria & Lower Columbia	6 AM	6 AM	6 AM	6 AM	6 AM
Dayton, Or.	7 AM		7 AM		7 AM
Salem, Or.		6 AM		6 AM	
Corvallis		6 AM			6 AM

Tacoma and Seattle 1:00 P. M. daily.

Victoria steamers do not run Sundays.

NARROW GAUGE DIVISION—EAST SIDE,

Between PORTLAND and WEST STAYTON, via O. & C. R. R. to Woodburn.

Trains for West Stayton leave Portland at ... on ... Wednesdays and Fridays.

For Brownsville (via Lebanon Junction) leave ... at ... P. M. on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

WEST SIDE.

EAST PORTLAND ... SHERIDAN and AIRLIE via O. & C. R. R. to Whites.

Leave Portland at 9 A. M. Returning, leave Airlie ... arrive at Portland at 6:05 A. M.

Freight for all points on Narrow Gauge Division received and forwarded by the O. & C. R. R. ... West Side Divisions, respectively.

General Offices—Cor. Front and D Sts.

C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager. A. L. STOKES, G. F. & P. Agt.

A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket Agent.

GREAT OVERLAND ROUTE

Northern Pacific Railroad

278 MILES.

The Shortest Line to Chicago and all points East, and the ONLY line running THROUGH trains between Portland and St. Paul and Minneapolis.

REMEMBER

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

Is the Only Line Running

PASSENGER TRAINS,

PULLMAN PALACE SLEEPING CARS,

PALACE DINING CARS, (meals 75c)

LUXURIANT DAY COACHES,

EMIGRANT SLEEPERS, (free of charge)

—FROM—

WASHINGTON AND OREGON POINTS

TO THE EAST.

See That Your Tickets Read

VIA THE NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R.

& ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS.

And Thereby Avoid Change of Cars.

Leave Portland at 11:50 A. M. daily, arrive at Minneapolis or St. Paul 1:25 P. M. fourth day. Connections made at St. Paul and Minneapolis for all points East, South and Southeast.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

Leave Portland (O. R. & N. Boat) 1:00 P. M., arrive New Tacoma 9:45 P. M., connecting with O. R. & N. Co.'s boats for all points on Puget Sound.

CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agt., St. Paul.

A. D. CHARLTON, Gen'l West'n Pass. Agt., No. 2 Washington St., Portland.

A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket Agt., Ash street dock.

Oregon & California R. R. Co.

On and after June 29, 1884, trains will run as follows, DAILY (EXCEPT SUNDAYS).

Eastside Division.

Between PORTLAND and ASHLAND.

Mail Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	7:30 A. M.	Ashland	4:40
Ashland	6:00 P. M.	Portland	

Albany Express Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	4:00 P. M.	Lebanon	10:00
	4:45 A. M.	Portland	10:00

Pullman Palace Sleeping Car leaves Portland Mondays and Thursdays. Returning, leaves Ashland Tuesdays and Fridays.

The Oregon and California Railroad Ferry makes connection with all the regular trains on the Eastside Division, from the foot of F street.

Westside Division.

BETWEEN PORTLAND and CORVALLIS.

Mail Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	8:00 A. M.	Corvallis	4:20
Corvallis	8:30 A. M.	Portland	4:20

Express Train.

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Portland	5:00 P. M.	McMinnville	8:00
McMinnville	5:45 A. M.	Portland	8:30

Close connection made at Ashland with stages of the California and Oregon Stage Company.

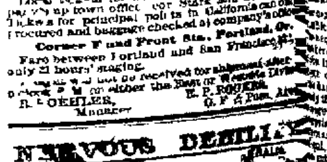
Local tickets for sale and baggage checked at company's up town office, cor. Stark and Second sts. Tickets for principal points in California can only be procured and baggage checked at company's office,

Corner F and Front Sts., Portland, Or.

Fare between Portland and San Francisco $32. Only 21 hours' staging.

Freight will not be received for shipment after ... P. M. on either the East or Westside Division.

R. KOEHLER, Manager. E. P. ROGERS, G. F. & Pass. Agt.



NERVOUS DEBILITY

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Fits, Nervous Neuralgia, Headache, Nervous Prostration caused by the use of alcohol or tobacco, Wakefulness, Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain resulting in insanity and leading to misery, decay and death, Premature Old Age, Barrenness, Loss of power in either sex, Involuntary Losses, and Spermatorrhea caused by over-exertion of the brain, self-abuse or over-indulgence. Each box contains one month's treatment. $1.00 a box, or six boxes for $5.00, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of price.

WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES

To cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with $5.00, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantees issued only by

WOODARD, CLARKE & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

MARRIAGE GUIDE

200 Pages ...

SEAL ENGRAVED ...

...LER'S LETTER.

His Programme and Quits ... for Cleveland

... SEVERELY ARRAIGNED

... to Organize and Fuse with ... Parties in Different States ... Political News

...—General Butler has issued an address to the people in the place of his letter ... delivered to the press to-day ... containing about 11,000 ... which covers the main points ... is that the address is issued ... which was intended at the outset ... but somewhat assist ... he had hoped ... a distinct utterance of principles ... candidate for the presidency ... from his declaration whether ... his opinions he might ... better than the official action ... himself ... addresses himself directly to his ... United States. He says the ... consider to him ... interests: (1) Bounties ... to commerce to ... the preservation of the national currency of the people constituting (3) the needs of all in ... the production of wealth against the encroachments of those ... without producing; (4) the correction of abuses in government ... pressure on the people would be ... and its administration ... rights of American citizens ... public servants, ... to restore the property ... rights equal burdens ... privileges to all people.

... CRATIC CONVENTION

... a duty to the people ... whatever and he had ... ples of government ... and honestly adopted by the ... convention as a political party ... permitted his name to go be... a candidate for president ... have been found by its action ... platform and the nominees. He ... of those who sent me ... honors of the convention ... of its proceedings, says to ... the committees what should ... of principles and not of ex...

... the experience of the 8th committee, which was partly embraced in his ... convention. He says that the ... to levy tax as a best to pro... interests and industries and ... adopt ... by ... the ... candidature in that convention ... a series of resolutions to ... the laboring men and women ... that the legal tender cur... the supreme court was ... currency of the country that ... to make two classes ... the very poor are hurtful to ... declaring public lands in ... that the United States should ... to be built across the isth... without its consent that there ... changes in government ... aristocracy tendencies of ... that the United States should pro... everywhere and that no American ... done in this country, ... his and on its own soil.

... MEN IGNORED

... of principles, which seeks to ... questions in politics on which ... were, one after another, ... democrats committee ... Through the courtesy of the ... committees, and by personal ... the boon of thirty minutes to ... charter the people ... but before it could be pro... the convention, and with the ... adjourn, it was morning ... upon them so eager were ... their work of presidential ... a convention has been ... body! It is true that ... the unit rule which ... be cast against his ... in spite of his protest, by ... internal dissen... politicians of a single state ... minutes only to a discus... of the government of the nation ... substantially present but one ... of all—the protection of ... producer without which ... can be no prosperity to this ... voted down in the convention ... to warn the convention however ... might seem of the ... if such a vote was passed ... women of the country ... known I had stood ... And if you refuse to stand ... God help you I cannot ... of Kentucky who followed me ... the party would look to God ... the prayer of ... It was just to myself not ... certain pure-minded up... politicians deem it proper to ... in the proceedings of a con... and then, ... without protesting ... refuse to

THE DEMOCRATIC CONGRESS

... adds that notwithstanding the ... resolutions are expedients to ... deception and illusion not ... high principles which should ... the limited action of a great party ... country has had no experience for ... century of what the democracy ... had the power ... that the people ... the most explicit pledges from ... action before we can put ... their hands. But the farm ... laboring man ... know ... the house of representatives has ... money by taxation than any ... has ever appropriated ... know that the democrats ... made a free trade tariff ... features of the present war ... regards its iniquitous equalities ... reduction of the tariff to break ... and struggling to interfere ... homes of our working ... of the American product ... know that the very ... action of the democracy in ... American enterprises at ... everywhere closing mines ... blown out and every kind ... that mechanics and work... enough to support ... farmer ever deprived of a home ... by discriminating rates of ... wheat and wool lower ... the present generation. Can ... trust the insincere democracy ... ties and deceptive

REPUBLICAN PARTY

... addresses himself to the re... he asked upon agrarian and ... money to carry on the ... capitalists to the republi... immense fortunes almost fabulous ... of the vast expenditures of the ... of men who attacked them ... them as the iron is at ... polished out and ... The necessity to bind to ... western shores of the republic ... giving bounties ... granted to make large ... across the continent ... and feeders created wealth ... individuals to a degree ... in this or any ... all those interests and ... republican party and if any ... party they were unchecked ... to so arrange politics that ... power capital in all the ... would be sure of control ... between the upper ... Thus it will be readily ... that the republican ... interests in every form ... department of business and ... can expect nothing from ... barons before state and ... by the rich man with ... of their paid attorneys.

... SUFFRAGE

... the course of manufac... children and women at ... filled by men. If the ... the ballot she would be able ... her husband, father and ... wrong, but being denied ... slave. Employ women ... it be at the same re... they do the same work as ... at the earliest moment ... thralldom ... has released the colored man ... him the ballot for his pro... of years since has ... species of class legislation ... the nation from deterior...

... discusses the principles of his ... is clear the working ... either of the old parties ... independence and stand ... share of the fruits of labor ... point out which party ... that the nominating con... an old nominate a candidate ... These are the people placed ... the lash called party ... the chariot wheels of their ... is the remedy for these ... can the people this ... themselves of their govern... protect their own interests ... great wrongs and ... robberies from the treas...

... URGED TO ORGANIZE

... state and present at the polls ... support it with your vote ... it used, at once springs ... political machines that have ... conventions and dele... and sold in the market like sheep and ... entire ... only which the people ... to have ... expired ... take away the right. By that word I mean nothing ... but ... Organ... in your workshop. Agree ... together ... one ticket. There need be no great and responsible men ... you can vote ... together without ... and just as well as you can with one. For blight ... from ... of your ... following their banner and marching ... to the ... interests of your wives and children. Therefore, let the people stand together and ... neither ... know the sealed ... great and vote ... at this election at the next. If you ... know you will ... the ... is it at all certain that the seed has not been sown and will fructify by your votes into a substantial if not complete victory at this election.

He advises the working men to look to the election of congressmen and members of the legislature and if the balanced state make alliance with which ever ... other party will ... do.

POLITICAL POINTS

Betting in Favor of Blaine—The Irish Defection—Arms and Gossip

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—The Times has several columns of dispatches ... the way betting is running on the candidates ... that in Boston Blaine is decidedly the favorite ... betting circles and the greater ... are ... with a good degree of ... The ... by the way ... a Butler man ... to put ... part of $10,000 on ... candidates and it is stated the Bowen ... taken ... gentleman stands ready to stake $100 ... for almost any amount on Blaine. The other day a bet of $100 to $80 was made ... An offer of $100 against $100 was taken that ... does not carry a single state ... same is true at Buffalo where in one instance a democratic ... has $10,000 to bank to back Blaine with ... bets are made ...

... the places betting is ever on the ... although ... betting in New York ... West Virginia ... is frequent and heavy. A many places ... betting until Cleveland ... appears and ... elected.

THE EFFECT OF BUTLER'S CANDIDACY

In this ... of betting during July was slightly in favor ... When Butler ... effect was to start the ... against Cleveland ... since that betting has ranged ... $10 to $8 ... little ... money ... this stage of the campaign.

A San Francisco special announces that betting there is not lively in her way, and generally is in accordance with the politics of the ... At Harry Maynard's ... Cleveland will carry California ... given by democrats on New York ... Prominent democrats say most of the betting ... even.

THE IRISH DEFECTION

NEW YORK, August 18.—Special.]—... dispatch ... the Tribune that the defection of Irish from ... will be ... a secular ... history of Irish in America. The feeling of dissatisfaction is widely spread and they will vote not as republicans but as democrats ... against the nomination of a man whom they do not regard as a friend of the ... The Irish nationalists are ... displeased ... at the ... action in the Devoy case. These men are not ... They believe in separate nationality for Ireland ... the ... and warfare, and ... was ... until ... the ... of ... for his refusal ... when he was sent to the penitentiary for ... libel.

August Belmont thinks Blaine will win mainly through Irish American votes which are drawn from the democratic party.

LYNCH INTERVIEWED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—... Lynch ... to-day asked him how things were down in Mississippi.

"We can carry the state," was the reply.

"But can you get your votes counted?"

"Our chances of getting a fair count ... worth an effort to get a majority of votes."

... democratic newspapers in Mississippi ... said the reporter, "are threatening ... of the ... if the republicans make any organized effort ... in their canvass."

"Yes, they often do that, but we are going ahead and we will vote just the same."

Mr. Lynch is just from New York. The ... outlook is very encouraging, he says, in New York. All ... we hear ... news ... all our people ... the ... are ... confident that Blaine and Logan will be elected.

THE AMERICAN POLITICAL ALLIANCE

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—Persons calling themselves members of the American Political Alliance of which General Fremont was ... claim ... that ... will reveal great strength, ... directly in the present campaign. If they do not nominate candidates they will vote for the man whom they ... best American, who can be depended upon to uphold American interests against the world ... they are ... opposed they say to any religious creed ... only opposed to foreigners ... ence. They hope in time ... that only men born on this soil shall be allowed the elective franchise. They declare the United States has far more rational feeling ... the ... that is ... in the south.

VIRGINIA POLITICS

RICHMOND, Va., Aug. 18.—The committee appointed at the conference on Friday last of coalition members of the legislature are in consultation to-night with General Mahone and several leaders of the party discussing the question ... between the Mahone republicans and straight out republicans by ... the ... to the electoral ticket. The conference has been in session several hours and will likely ... time ... It is possible that two or three of the Mahone electors will withdraw and their places be filled by the Mahone state central committee with persons who have always acted with the republican party.

GHOULISH VANDALISM

AUGUSTA, Me., Aug. 18.—The Kennebec Journal will say: It was discovered about two weeks ago that the dust of the ... of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Blaine which died in July, 1854 ... The ... is not known but it has been ... person who is suspected of this vandalism had a piece of the alleged record sent to various ... the country to papers which are known to be antagonistic to Blaine. Detectives are on the track.

BLAINE'S WEDDING ALL CORRECT

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—Congress ... Isaac L. Parnell of this city ... with ... the marriage of James G. Blaine in ... Bourbon county, Kentucky. He says there was not a breath of rumor in any way ... Blaine or wife. There was nothing hasty or sub rosa about the marriage ... he ever hear any remarkable circumstances connected with the ...

LOGAN DENIES THE STATEMENT

ALBANY, August 18.—General Logan telegraphs as follows: ... Journal from Jamestown ... old Ex-Senator ... that I believe ... the Morey letter ... is stated ... New York papers.

CLEVELAND MAY WITHDRAW

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—It has been ... the ... Cleveland's recent visit to Greenwood ... letter of acceptance ... he ... withdraws from the canvass.

LEFT FOR AUGUSTA

BAR HARBOR, Me., August 18.—Blaine left here this morning for Augusta.

CRIMINAL CALENDAR

THE CONSPIRACY AGAINST THE GOVERNMENT

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 18.—The special correspondent of the Globe Democrat makes the following statement regarding the condition of affairs at the city of Mexico ... giving the latest ... this facts in the case. It was ... here Saturday last that ... the ... conspiracy case had been shot, but the ... After interviewing prominent ... officers this afternoon ... said ... your representative ... no ... for a few minutes. He reports that he saw his father this morning ... back to his former place ... the barracks in this city. General Clavez ... at ... a protest to the government ... declaring that he had never had the slightest connection with the conspiracy and knew nothing of it ... General Diaz and his ... at their side at the time of the ... of the Lerdo government ... revolution.

Francisco Mejia, the most eminent among the alleged conspirators is confined in the barracks in this city with several others of the accused ... are guarded by the second regiment of infantry. A man saw Mejia yesterday. He is still alive ... reported ... shot last Saturday. It is generally believed ... that one of the prisoners will be shot, but nobody knows who yet.

STILL REMAINS A MYSTERY

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 18.—There ... further ... in the case of the disappearance of Albert ... Sheldon ... leaving for England ... her personal effects ... the ... company ... Sheldon who was a member of ... shortage in his ... of $22,000 ... settlement ... after the ... but this has now been generally abandoned.

HIGHWAYMEN PUT TO FLIGHT

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—Henry Webster ... arrived from San Francisco, while walking along the Bowery was set upon by three ... who threw him to the pavement and tried to rob him. He drew a revolver and discharged it ... The highwaymen took to their heels and escaped.

ACCIDENTS

A LADY WRITER CRIPPLED

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—A Colorado ... announces that Miss Helen Hunt Jackson, magazine writer on Indian matters, ... crippled ... by falling down stairs. She will perhaps be permanently lame.

Doctors are getting more and more into the habit of prescribing ... medicines in their practice, especially the ... own as Hunt's (Kidney and Liver) Remedy ... of the kidney, liver and bladder. They know from experience that it is of more value ... than any prescription they can write.

DOMESTIC DISPATCHES.

Condition of the Various Crops Throughout the Union.

VANDERBILT SELLS MAUD S. TO BONNER.

Oakes Denies that He has Accepted the General Management of the Union Pacific—The Record of a Day

[At 1 o'clock the following ... was received from the Western Union office ... The Metropolitan hotel at Rossburg is burning, and the fire has probably caused the break.]

The Eastern Fruit Crop

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—Times ... has been ... Maryland ... this season ... There ... have been shipped already ... which ... York ... between 100 and 140 car loads will be shipped from Delaware and Maryland during the next two weeks ... and ... which sold ... less than ... per basket. Only the very finest ... bring ... per basket.

Apples will be very abundant during the present week ... have had great difficulty ... purchasers of apples of the finest quality.

Bartlett pears will be very cheap this week. There is a very large crop in Maryland, Delaware and New Jersey now ready for marketing. There is a fair crop along the Hudson river. Good quality, wholesale at $4 a barrel.

Not in ten years have plums been so scarce at this season. There is little or no chance for cheap plums this year ... plums are quickly gathered up by canners at from $6 to $7 per barrel. The ... gauge ... the Imperial, the green gage, ... yellow ... the Washington gage quickly sell for about $5 per barrel.

The grape crop of New York state will notwithstanding early frost be a good one. Agents for wine ... Newark and in Canada ... purchasers ... grapes at various ... along the river ... the ... are paying ... buying the fruit as it is at ...

August Crop Report

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Special.] The August report of the statistician of agriculture department ... condition of growing crops ... the condition ... since 1879 ... and ... other states ... high condition ... buckwheat promises ... for ... The ... is rated favorable ... the larger ... very ... in ... had ... in Delaware and Maryland ... the ... the ... has been ... received from the state agent in Ohio ... Oregon agent reports the ... crop of the agricultural condition ... Washington county has suffered from drought ... the ... surely ... farmers ... the ... are ... for ... view ... condition ... fire.

... Washington territory ... agent says in the western part of the territory ... has been ... would have been much better than usual ... grain ... territory were greatly benefited by rain ... spring sown wheat and rye.

The Stationers' Frauds

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—... Massachusetts ... anything in regard to the investigation ... the ... Springfield, and Holyoke, Mass. ... Hartford, Connecticut ... water-mark ... Wednesday. It ... state ... Sperry ... formal ... quality of the paper ... Morgan & Pitman ... department ... refuses to settle the ... Morgan & Paxton for the last quarter. There ... from $700 ... the ... of ... ware ... by the Fellows ... company.

Veterans of the German Army

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 18.—A ... of the veterans of the ... army ... the ... United States was ... to-day by the ... Milwaukee ... Krieger Verein ... and the ... Veterans ... Philadelphia ... Newark ... Hart ... Louis ... year.

Drought in the Ohio Valley

CINCINNATI, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—Drought in Kentucky and ... Ohio ... the ... best in the three states ... the early ... the injury to ... is still more severe ... tobacco is ... suffering and the ... reported as already ... pastures have ... and ... are feeding their stock ... There has been no rain of any ... for three weeks and the ... until ... enough to wet the earth after the ... drought in July.

An International Question

PITTSBURG, Aug. 18.—Max Schamberg, the Austro-Hungarian consul at this city, hoisted a small Austrian flag over the doors of the consulate in honor of the 54th birthday of the Emperor of Austria. Chief of Police Braun, who has been making a vigorous fight against swinging signs and street obstructions, immediately ordered it down. Schamberg claims the order is a direct violation of the treaty between the United States and Austria, which states ... the consulate can hoist a flag over the ... in any city.

Gibbs on Wine Making

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—At a temperance meeting Saturday in the Pavilion ... Brooks ... Gibbs of Oregon said that he ... California wine-making ... the ... who jumped in with their ... and ... When ... the Grangers ... said ... will all run clear. This wine ... drunk ... Gibbs ... better to drink ... wine must be drunk than ... abroad.

The Iron Industry

CLEVELAND, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—There are forty ... in the ... Mahoning valley ... of these thirty ... at present. ... despite ... the ... king state of affairs ... in the valley ... every ... ought to be ... the ... encouraging ... of ... than they did a week ago.

Spiritualist Camp Meeting

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—Six thousand people ... Philadelphia yesterday ... the ... camp meeting at Neshaminy falls. Fully ... people drove to ... the ... It was not at all ... Sunday ... what with various games ... and ... the only literary exercise was a lecture by Anna ... Riot.

Dr. Newman Has Arrived

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—Dr. ... Newman has arrived ... He ... has come to America ... learn by practical study about the religious and ... and ... the country. He will appear in all the large cities of the ... during his stay here and will speak on internal ... The doctor is a firm advocate of temperance.

The Arkansas Cotton Crop

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 18.—Special.]—Complete reports ... from all parts of the state declare the ... cotton crop is coming forward rapidly and ... which is ... bales in excess of any previous season ... the average produce ... of the entire country.

Drought in New Hampshire

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 18.—The dryest season ... We ... are giving ... and are ... smaller ones being entirely ... No rain has fallen since May ... crops are suffering severely. Grasshoppers are destroying what does grow.

The Soldiers Home Investigation

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 18.—The congressional committee ... the investigation of the soldiers home. After the ... General Bragg ... was given ... by ... members of the Twenty fourth Illinois ...

Departure of Archbishop Ryan

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 18.—Archbishop Ryan left for his new diocese of Philadelphia this morning. A large crowd of clericals and ... people were at the depot to bid him farewell.

Warm Weather

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—The thermometer touched 90 yesterday. At ... crowded. There are 100,000 people at Coney island alone.

A Torrid Wave

DOVER, N. H., August 18.—A torrid wave to-day ... operatives ... at ... work. Mercury ... the ... several people were prostrated.

To-Day's Weather

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—For the Pacific coast generally fair weather.

THE GREELY PARTY

PRIVATE HENRY'S REMAINS

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Coroner Robinson of Long Island City will not exhume the body of Private Henry until the instructions of his sister, Dora Buck, by letter are confirmed. The superintendent of the cemetery also refuses a disinterment permit without order of the federal authorities.

THE SURVIVORS

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 18.—The survivors of the Greely party are in the city to-day, unattended, but refuse to say anything of interest. They depart for their homes soon.

Asthma and Bronchitis cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. Trial Bottles free.

MAUD S.

Vanderbilt About to Sell the Queen of Trotters for $100,000

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Special.]—Tribune's Saratoga ... It is probable that Vanderbilt will sell his famous Maud S. ... He has owned her six years. He paid $21,000 for her with an additional ... to ... the agent who ... Vanderbilt to part with the mare ... and ... he has ... pride ... the ... recent exploit at Cleveland ... He ... bothered by ... requests to match ... with other horses ... the requests have been ... urged. Vanderbilt ... disgusted with the ... as the ... owner of the fastest trotter in the world.

He recently received an offer of $100,000 for the mare, and while he has given no decisive answer to it or other offers, he ... consented ... acceptance of them. It will be recollected that the mare fails ... hands and has repeatedly ... because of his lack of knowledge as to ... two years ago ... of $10,000 ... anxious that the mare ... from the ... as Driving ... the next ... Maud S. ... I am ... worry ... for the last year ... with ... a ... long as I ... her ... her ... below ... but everybody ... to grind.

He suspected that she was not honestly driven at Cleveland ... Blair had a purpose in lowering the record ... a quarter or one half of a second when she could easily have gone faster. He ... disgusted with the ... brought ... in recent years. The day she arrived here from ... and over $500 people ... at the stable ... she ... well ... things ... in the way ... particularly pleasant for Vanderbilt ... to ... things he only sees the mare about two months ... the twelve.

PURCHASED BY BONNER

SARATOGA, Aug. 18.—It is said here that Robert Bonner has purchased Maud S. from Vanderbilt and that the mare will be ... things ... Bonner ... will ... to-morrow morning.

RAILROAD NOTES

AND IT ISN'T TRUE ... DENIED

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Special.] A Tribune reporter ... the ... Union Pacific ... word ... that ... Oakes ... would ... the ... Union Pacific ... they were ... the ... that he ... to ... the ... but ... than ... and ... said he ... that ... did ... to ... Cleveland ... a ... Utah ... the ... cut ... the ... rates ... the ... to twenty miles to ... at ...

... and ... at ... an ... through ... business ... the ... management.

ABOUT THE ... MANAGEMENT

... the ... Oakes ... Union Pacific ... said ... the ... Marsh ... and ...

THE TEXAS PACIFIC ALL RIGHT

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 18.—The break in the Texas & Pacific ... caused by the Devils crevasse ... repaired ... running ... Galveston and Mexico ... through ... will be ... between ...

... SPANISH ...

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Mayor Edson vetoed the ... granting ... railway ... right ... underground.

HE DENIES THE RUMOR

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—The Tribune to-day ... the ... Mr. ... denies ... New York ... was about to make ... a ...

THE ... NEW PRESIDENT

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—The Commercial ... the ... railway.

SPORTING NOTES.

HANLAN'S ... ACTION

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18.—[Special.] The Press ... Hanlan ... title ... the ... to ... dangerous ... the ...

... ON LONG ISLAND ...

... ISLAND CITY ... Aug. 18.—A ... the ... by Boston ... $2,000 and ... in ... the ... the ... the large ... the start.

... CRICKET TEAM

THE PHILADELPHIA ... from England arrived here to-day ... were ... the ... with ... and ... the ... tendered ... the ... Union League club.

BASEBALL

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18.—Cleveland 5, Philadelphia ...

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—New York 5, Chicago 3.

THE TURF

LUCKY BALDWIN WITHDRAWS HIS STABLES

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—A special from ... says ... at ... much ... to-night over the withdrawal of Lucky Baldwin's stables from ... meeting ... action ... the ... most notably ... four year old ... Baldwin had brought three horses from California expecting to run them strictly ... and ... heavily to win ... early in ... of the starter's ...

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—Saratoga special ... that Baldwin ... withdraw his stable ... claims that the starter has been unfair on many ... the shocking start ... Tennessee stakes Saturday, it would be useless for him to run with any chance of success. The start was certainly ... Baldwin ... one of the ... to the ... the ... trial with Lorillard.

LOWERED THEIR RECORD

PROVIDENCE, Aug. 18.—Frank Works team ... Edward and Dick Swiveller were driven by John Murphy at Narragansett park this afternoon to beat their record 2:16¼ for a purse of $1000. They succeeded in handsome style. They made the first quarter in 33½, second 1:07½, third 1:40¼, mile 2:13½.

THE MARKETS

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK, August 18.—Governments strong. Railways strong and higher. Stocks are strong and higher. Lake Shore and New York Central were the features. Reactionary ... in ... final transactions was firm at or near the best figures of the day. Compared with Saturday closing prices were ½ to 3½ higher.

Bonds—3s 100⅜, 4½s 112¾, 4s 121¾, Pacific 6s 127.

Stocks—American ... 93, Canada Pacific 43½, Canada Southern 27¼, Central Pacific 43, Burlington ... Lackawanna 113¼, D. & R. G. 11, Erie 16¼, Hannibal & St. Joe ..., Kansas & Texas 21¾, Lake Shore 117¼, Louisville & Nashville 34¾, Michigan Central 80, Northern Pacific ..., Northern Pacific preferred 48¾, Northwestern ..., New York Central 107¾, Oregon Navigation ..., Oregon Transcontinental ..., Oregon Improvement 22, Pacific Mail 51¾, Panama 96, St. Paul ..., Texas Pacific 11½, Union Pacific 53¾, United States ..., Wells Fargo 103, Western Union 67.

... Sugar ...

THE FIRE RECORD

HALF A TOWN SWEPT AWAY

GALVESTON, Aug. 18.—The News' Greenville, Texas special says at 2 o'clock this morning under a strong south wind a fire rapidly engulfed two entire squares of wooden buildings. Crossing to the west side of the square, every building was swept away for 200 yards. From this point the flames communicated to the new court house, reducing it to ashes, also spread to the south side of the square destroying half of the buildings on that side. A together about forty of the business houses—half of the well built structures—with all contents, were consumed. Over half of the business portion of Greenville is in ruins. Total loss including the $40,000 court house, will reach $95,000, distributed among seventy-three sufferers. Total insurance is estimated over $200,000. It is believed that the fire is an incendiary one. Greenville has been peculiarly unfortunate, having had a previous great fire and sustained a heavy loss through a destructive cyclone.

FOREIGN DISPATCHES.

Yellow Fever Raging in Several Cities in Sonora, Mexico

FRANCE AND CHINA PREPARING FOR WAR.

Weekly Review of the British Grain Market—General Gordon Safe at Last Advices—Old World Notes

FRANCE

M. FERRY'S RECORD

PARIS, Aug. 18.—... Departement ... twenty four hours ... Department ... Bouches-du-Rhone ... village ... twenty seven inhabitants near ... two cases in one night ... one of which resulted fatally. At Marseilles during the twenty-four hours which ended at 9 P. M., there were six ... deaths.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—... from cholera at Dunkerque ... were ... the house where ... died.

... Aug. 18.—Two deaths from cholera in ... other cases have been reported ... is perfectly satisfactory.

MARSEILLES, Aug. 18.—Four deaths ... At ... on ... there was one death in the hospital ... in the town. The epidemic is apparently reviving and the number of cases is ...

MARSEILLES, Aug. 18.—There were fourteen deaths from cholera in this city during the twenty six hours ended at 9 to-night.

THE ... CHOLERA ...

TOULON, Aug. 18.—Six deaths occurred from cholera ... 4 A. M. till 6 P. M. ... the ... cases ... the latter ... day ... at ...

HOISTING THE FRENCH FLAG

PARIS, Aug. 18.—... General ... dated Hanoi, August ... I have published ... proclamation ... protection ... The French flag ... the citadel at Hue, the capital of Annam.

WAR PREPARATIONS

TOULON, Aug. 18.—... officers on furlough have been ordered to return ... in ... war with China.

ENGLAND

MARK LANE REVIEW

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Mark Lane Express in its review of ... the past week says ... The weather was ... A large proportion of the grain ... with the heavy rains ... the yield is ... an average crop, and 10 per cent ... average. The ... of ... New English wheat ... during the week. The ... of ... strong ... in ... and ... per ... sales of ... parcels at ... last year ... The arrivals ... Barley ... are ... to ... and ...

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 18.—Wheat ... in market ... week.

MEXICO

YELLOW FEVER RAGES

CHICAGO, August 18.—... Mexico ... fever ... Sonora ... the ... Guaymas ... Hermosillo ... the fever ... information ... the ... of the fever ... the ... that ...

... table in ... the river.

CHINA

WAITING EVENTS

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Times correspondent at ... has ... with his official ... Nanking ... from ... the ... of the Chinese empire ... Aug. 1.

WILLING TO NEGOTIATE

PARIS, Aug. 18.—La Liberte states that Patenotre, French minister at ... willing ... with the Chinese ... a ... of ... to ...

FRANCE'S ... HAD

LONDON, Aug. 18.—The Times' Shanghai correspondent ... protest ... the French ... of ... affairs ... of American ... declares that China is guilty of a breach of the ... treaty.

THE SOUDAN

GORDON HEARD FROM

LONDON, Aug. 18.—... a letter from General Gordon dated Khartoum July 29. He ... he ... to ... and ... He also says ... to ... steamers ... Gordon gives ... that ... 3000 rebels have ... an ...

GERMANY

DAMAGING EVIDENCE

COBLENTZ, Aug. 18.—The two men arrested here ... and who are believed to be French spies ... many ... sketches ... with ... the French minister of war ... to ... their ...

AFRICA

SAILED FOR TONQUIN

ALGIERS, Aug. 18.—The French steamer Rio Negro ... to-day for Tonquin with 1,000 troops and a quantity of war ...

SPAIN

GREAT DAMAGE BY LOCUSTS

MADRID, Aug. 18.—The terrible plague of locusts have visited central Spain. The damage to crops about Ciudad ... $1,000,000.

SWITZERLAND.

EXPELLED

NEUCHATEL, Aug. 18.—An official decree has been issued expelling the officers of the Salvation army from this city.

FAILURES.

ATTACHMENTS LEVIED

FORT WORTH, Tex., Aug. 18.—Attachments amounting to nearly $40,000 were to-day levied upon the property of the Texas Investment Co., including the Daily Gazette. They were principally issued at the instance of certain directors and stockholders who take this means of forcing the sale and effectually separating the land and banking business of the Investment Co. from its several publishing enterprises. Difference of opinion among the directors ... majority of that body to take legal steps. The ... that ... in the ... in ... to meet all liabilities, but is temporarily suffering from stringency in the money market. The actual assets in secured loans largely exceed its liabilities.

PITTSBURG COAL OPERATORS

PITTSBURG, August 18.—Joseph A. Stone & Co., coal operators and one of the largest firms in the city have announced their intention of asking an extension of credit. A member of the firm stated to-night that until the proper statement can be made it was deemed best to say nothing for publication, further than if given reasonable time the firm will pay every dollar of its indebtedness.

A HOPELESS FAILURE

HUNTINGTON, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—The insolvency of the Kimble Coal and Iron Company last week seems hopeless. No wages have been paid the employes for three months. Labor claims amount to over $75,000. These with other claims the exact amount of which is not ascertained exceed $1,000,000.

NOTABLE DEAD

A JOCKEY'S FUNERAL

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—The funeral of the 16 year old jockey John Saxe, killed in the race on the Brighton Beach race track Friday, occurred at Coney Island yesterday. All the prominent horsemen on the island were present and the pall bearers were all jockeys. Following the hearse came the horse Carlisle, from which Saxe was thrown with the dead jockey's spurs in the stirrups. Following Carlisle came the horse which Saxe was to have ridden in the next race. It was all ready and waiting at the time he was brought into the stable.

ONE OF GARFIELD'S PHYSICIANS

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Dr. Woodward, U. S. A., one of the physicians who attended President Garfield in his last illness, died near Philadelphia to-day.

Do you wish a beautiful complexion? Then use Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and purifies the blood and thereby removes blotches and pimples from the skin, making it smooth and clear, and giving it a bright and healthy appearance.

THE STAR ROUTE CASES

The Attorney in Charge of the Civil Suits Leaves Them in Disgust

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Special.]—Last spring while the Springer committee was threshing over the old star route straw Attorney General Brewster announced that he proposed to begin a vigorous ... of civil suits against the star route contractors to recover if possible some portion of the plunder which they had obtained in their successful raids on the treasury. They had been allowed to languish because the department of justice was so busy with criminal ... but they were now to be revived and ... The prosecution was to be vigorously pressed and millions of dollars were to be recovered to the treasury. ... announcement ... appointment of Colonel William O. Bradley of Kentucky to carry on the work which Brewster had promised. Colonel Bradley is one of the leaders of the Kentucky bar and his ... has given him a reputation throughout ... Ohio valley. He has always been prominent ... as a democrat ... Although he has never held political office he has been a member of the republican national committee for years, and a delegate ... national convention. He ... Grant in 1880 ... was ... New York ... and when he ... buckled down to ... with ... he ... Washington ... preparing to ... for ...

A DISPUTE WITH BREWSTER

When he ... himself ... to the attorney general that ... in ... that had attended the prosecution of the criminal suits against the members of the star route ring largely because of the antagonism among government counsel, he desired to control the selection of his associates. He said that he believed it all important that the prosecution of the civil suits should be ... in order to be successful. He wanted to know personally every man engaged in the prosecution ... the ... and ... the ... of ... their ability ... to ...

The attorney general ... with the ... He said ... the cases himself and that ... the ... purpose.

Colonel Bradley expressed his opinion of such ... and ... made another suggestion ... attorney ... This was that the ... men ... be ... should be ... This ... the attorney general than the first ... He would not listen to it.

Then Bradley gave the attorney general a piece of his mind and left the case ... the department ... Since ... the attorney general ... a few hundred dollars ... compensation for ... expenditure ... in ... properly the ... The check Bradley ... attorney general ... Then he went back to Kentucky ... his ... has not been ... and ...

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

Washington Territory

The wife of W. C. Vick of Asotin county recently gave birth to triplets ...

Olympia Courier: The signs of the times indicate that several ... will take part as delegates to the ... territorial republican convention.

Last Sunday near Farmington a five year old son of W. W. Smith was ... one of the animals kicked ... in the head ... The child is ... recovering from the injury under the care of two surgeons.

In the Ellensburg ... the grain crop although light turned out ... better than was expected, most ... yielding ... twenty bushels ... wheat ... per acre ...

The new Plano and ... club at Olympia met Saturday ... perfected its organization. The following officers were elected: President, A. ...; first vice president, ...; second vice president, General T. I. McKinney; secretary, F. M. ...

Palouse Gazette: Active preparations are being made to build five large grain warehouses near the depot in this ... and ... furnish ... the ...

A ... year old ... drawn ... the ... of the ... until the ... was ...

Eastern Oregon

... Lake county ... Crook ...

Baker City ... the arrival of the first ... with their ...

Mosier ... Mr. O. Mosier ... near ... thrown ... horse, and received a fracture ... collar ... internal injuries. The ... is doing well.

Mountain Sentinel: The Cur... murderer ... will ... next week at ... that young ... was ... the wife of ... a trivial dispute ... was shot ... in the yard ... of ... The ... took ... down Snake river to a surgeon ... Pierce was committed to ...

Western Oregon

Rev. J. B. McCain, a former editor of the Dallas Itemizer, has been appointed Indian agent at the Siletz reservation.

Silverton Appeal: ... passed ... Magers of ... springs ... was ... and ... in ... the ... years ago ... spend several weeks ...

Southern Oregon

The residence of John Gribble on Applegate was burned to the ground ... The ... of the fire is unknown ... It is supposed to have started from ... The family ... lost ... and ... circumstances.

... Butler was found dead in his cabin on Little ... creek ... to his death from natural causes ... a piece of land ... and ... been dead ... before ... discovered. He was ... having first ... to the ... an immigrant, and will be remembered by many old residents of this section of the country. He was about 55 years of age.

In the jail at Jacksonville there are five ... now confined, three of whom are charged with murder. Their names are ... Reed, the Klamath county murderer who was brought there ... safe keeping until the next term of court; George R. Justus, committed for shooting ... at ... Smith at Willow Springs. Besides this Charles Baswell ... and ... Watkins ... the ... in the building.

A few days ago John Johnson, John Josephson, Anton Green and a large dog came from Astoria in an open boat twenty five feet long and six feet beam that the men had used there in their occupation as fishermen. They left the Columbia bar about noon of the 4th and arrived in the bay on the forenoon of the 8th, four days out. When the men started they expected to make the trip in thirty six hours, but adverse winds and fog delayed them. Nothing remarkable occurred during the passage and the men speak of it as something they would have no hesitation in again doing. They had a good compass and experienced no difficulty in keeping on the right course but the fog made it somewhat difficult for them to tell when they had come far enough. They kept about thirty miles off shore until the third day when they ran in ... the ... near enough to form a correct idea as to their locality, after which they came on to the bay bar where they laid off and on in the fog that night and next morning until they discovered the buoys and made their way in. During the trip seals, sea lions and sharks manifested a disposition to be friendly with the little boat. The seals and sea-lions appeared to be prompted by curiosity but the sharks manifested a disposition to eat something—perhaps the dog to start with. One shark, almost as long as the boat, kept company with it for several hours until one of the men pierced him with a bullet from a pistol, after which the shark disappeared.

WHAT SOME PAPERS SAY

New York Truth (Ind.): The Sun is not shining very brightly for Mr. Cleveland. As for the Star, it has ceased to twinkle politically.

Philadelphia Call (Rep.): Candidate St. John was once chased for two days by Indians. Candidate Cleveland, it is said, was not chased.

Philadelphia Press (Rep.): Governor Cleveland has been forced by his independent supporters in Buffalo with an excuse rather than a denial, and an ... ready ...

Philadelphia Chronicle Herald (Dem.): The vote which Butler will poll will be almost an exact measure of the number of vote-like cranks and the ... demagogues in the United States.

Kansas City Journal (Rep.): A word to Grover Cleveland, Don Butler is laying for you with a loaded blunderbuss when you come out of the North Woods. Better keep under cover as long as possible.

St. Louis Globe Democrat (Rep.): The shock of an earthquake was felt throughout New York and Pennsylvania yesterday. It was probably occasioned by the efforts of the democrats to find a place to hide Maria Halpin.

Chicago Inter Ocean: The chairman of the democratic executive committee for the state of New York says that while everything is serene to the democracy of that state on the surface, a great deal that is hidden and has never yet been revealed is in its favor. The natural impression is that another Morey forgery is in hatch, or that Mr. Barnum has six or seven mules stowed somewhere in the interior which he will bring to the front later on in the campaign.

PACIFIC COAST.

Interesting News and Personal Notes from San Francisco.

THE UMATILLA IS RAISED AND BEACHED

A Former Portlander Excommunicated for Taking Ingersoll into Montana—A Chapter of Oregon Accidents—Coast Notes.

Frisbie the Defaulter

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—It has been learned that Frisbie the defaulter while in this city registered under a false name. He put up at the Palace hotel and attempted to kill himself. The woman who came down with him and who is supposed assisted him in getting away with the money is still in the city ... the gentleman who is working up the case ... a very chase to ... find her. From the first the police have been but little interested in the case. They have not actually neglected their duty but have not shown that enthusiastic interest which might have been reasonably expected. It is evident that they have not forgotten the Bradley-Sullivan deal by which they lost a reward honestly earned ... little more than ... interest in Oregon business. The circumstances of the ... and ... of the fugitive ... the officers here who made the arrest ... detective who took the prisoner from here to Portland.

Heavy Failures

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—Max Morgenthau, the proprietor of the Mission Soap and Candle Works, made an assignment this morning to Louis Sloss and Co. and ... This ... was a great surprise in commercial circles. Morgenthau has been in business since 1849 ... His liabilities are estimated at a quarter of a million ... The assets are ... The ... is ... a ... the ... and ... the indebtedness ... local ... It was caused by ... investments ... enterprises. The principal creditors are ... the First National bank ... Nevada bank ... Rosenbaum ... Bart ...

E. P. Bell & Co. ... have ... liabilities ... assets ... the ... Nevada bank ... $400 ...

The Life Saving Service

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—Major Blakeney, superintendent of the life saving service of the coast ... on ... a quarterly inspection of the ... stations ... the Columbia river ... the ... of ... to keep ... during the summer ...

Advices from Japan

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—... advices ... in 1893 ... and ... the ... conference ... the ... changes ... contemplated.

The ... Tracts ... the ... vessel ... lost.

Trying to Regain the Northern Business

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—... of the Northern Pacific ... the ... business ... commerce and the manufacturers ... at a ... San Francisco and Portland ... San Francisco customers ... nothing may be done toward recovering the lost business.

Personal

Special ... Struve will ... by the Mexico Tuesday.

Fred Currier and wife are at Monterey and will ... in September.

W. H. Mead is at the Occidental.

A. B. Crossman and family ... at the ...

J. P. ... will return ... Monday. Mrs. ... to the Sandwich Islands ...

J. L. McKeown will not return to Portland till the latter part of September.

Charley Cornelius has decided to extend his stay here and will not sail till after opening his theatre the Standard on the 25th.

Shipping Intelligence

Arrived—Steamer St. Paul, Erskine, ... days from Ounalaska, passengers and merchandise to Alaska Commercial Company. British steamer Richard Castle, Smith, four days from Nanaimo, ... to coal to R. Dunsmuir & Sons; steamer ... from Portland ... Astoria forty two hours, passengers and merchandise to O. R. & N. Co.; steamer Wilmington, Holmes, seven y eight hours from Seattle, 2500 tons coal to Oregon Improvement Company; British bark ... ten days from Victoria, 680 tons ...; ship City of Brooklyn ... ten days from Seattle, 2600 tons coal to Oregon Improvement Company. Sailed—Steamer ... of California, Debney, Astoria; bark ... Parker, Tacoma; bark ... Gorman, Puget sound.

The Coos Bay

[Special.]—The new steamship Coos Bay of 894 tons burden, Captain Harkins, cruised about the bay to Sausalito yesterday on her trial trip, behaving in every way as was expected of her. The Coos Bay was launched on the Coquille about two months ago and is intended to run in the trade between here and Coos bay.

Arrival of Chinese

[Special.]—The China steamer which arrived yesterday brought 198 Chinese passengers, all of whom had proper return certificates. It is the opinion of officials that not more than half of them had ever really been here before.

Suicide on the Columbia

Jacob Wirz, a German 31 years of age, committed suicide on the steamer Columbia last Friday while en route to this city from Portland, by shooting himself in the mouth with a revolver. He was thought to be demented.

Suicide at Sea.

[Special.]—One of the Columbia steerage passengers, a Norwegian, name not given, committed suicide on the passage down from Portland.

STATE DISPATCHES

Boy Killed Near McMinnville

McMINNVILLE, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—A 15 year old son of Adam Andre, living six miles southwest of here, was killed to-day by being thrown from a load of ... wheat by a runaway team. The wagon passed over his body, killing him almost instantly. He was driving the team and was an unusually bright and promising boy.

Accidentally Killed

CORVALLIS, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—At 8 this morning Herman Bischoff, a laborer employed at the Summit on the Oregon Pacific, fell from a trestle thirty five feet high, striking the ground on his head. One leg was broken and other injuries sustained, from the effects of which he died in twenty minutes. He was 45 years old, and has no family. A sister lives in Chicago.

Shot while Deer Hunting

LA GRANDE, Aug. 18.—[Special.]—Peter Salling, an old and highly respected citizen of this valley, living on Rock creek six miles distant, was shot and killed yesterday by his son Henry Salling while deer hunting. The son delivered himself into the custody of officers here.

BRITISH COLUMBIA

The Umatilla Raised and Beached

VICTORIA, Aug. 18.—The work of ... Umatilla began at 5 o'clock ... At 10 o'clock the wreck was raised slightly and swung around some forty feet. At 11 she was clear of the bottom, and is now being hauled towards the beach by a strong force of sailors from a British man-of-war. She will be beached about 5 o'clock. The centrifugal pumps brought from California by Whitelaw the contractor were almost worthless and it was not until two powerful pumps were brought from the Wellington ... that success was assured. The contract price for beaching the ship is $65,000, but the contractor has been under a penalty of $100 a day since the 23d of June.

6 P. M.—The Umatilla is now alongside the wharf and her bow is resting on the beach. Her engines are being oiled and her decks cleared. It is believed she will be ready for sea in a week.

The Skeena River Mines a Fraud.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 18.—[Special.]—The cold ... the Skeena river ... on ... hundreds threw up situations, hoping to ... short time, and have been ... by unscrupulous speculators having charge of the ...

MONTANA

John Maguire Excommunicated

SALT LAKE, Aug. 18.—Sunday, during high mass at Missoula, Bishop Brondel formally excommunicated theater manager John Maguire from the Roman Catholic church, for the sin of bringing ... for a series of lectures, the great infidel, Robert G. Ingersoll.

RUSSIA

THE WORK OF NIHILISTS

VIENNA, Aug. 18.—The ... of Kazan, Russia, by which ten ... were ... and several buildings burned is ... nihilists. It is now stated that the number killed will aggregate 100.

... MANUFACTURERS OF

Doors, Windows and Blinds

IMPORTERS

PAINTS, OILS and GLASS,

AND DEALERS IN

General Building Material.

Price Lists and Discounts Furnished on Application.

103 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, OR.

NO POISON

AMMONIA, ALUM,

OR OTHER POWERFUL DRUG IN

A Perfect Fruit Acid Powder Made by a Physician with special regard to health.

... century it has ...

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts.

... Chicago, Ill., ... St. Louis, Mo.

PET CIGARETTES

ARE THE BEST

Cigarette smokers who are willing to pay a little more than the price charged for the ordinary trade Cigarettes will find the

PET CIGARETTES

Superior to all others. They are made from the highest cost gold leaf grown in Virginia, and are unequaled for their delicate aroma and rare fragrance, and are absolutely without adulteration or drugs.

Full packages of 10 pocket ...

ALLEN & GINTER, Manufacturers, Richmond, Va.

Harrisonville, Shelby County, ...

Messrs. Fleming Bros.

I am a practicing physician residing permanently in this place. In the year 1843, when a resident of the State of Missouri, I became acquainted with the superior virtues of Dr. C. McLane's Vermifuge prepared by you. At some more leisure moment I will send you the result of an experiment I made with one vial, in expelling upwards of 600 worms.

L. CARTER, M. D.

New York.

I do hereby certify to the public, that a child of mine four years old being troubled with worms, I was induced to purchase a bottle of Dr. C. McLane's Vermifuge, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., which I administered, and the result was, it brought away an immense number of worms in bunches and strings, many had the appearance of being cut to pieces. My child is now enjoying most excellent health. I take pleasure in recommending it to both young and old as one of the best medicines I ever used.

MRS. ANN JAMISON, 38 Ninth Street.

Mrs. Quigby, No. 381 Essex street, New York, writes us that she had a child which had been unwell for better than two months, she procured a bottle of Dr. C. McLane's Vermifuge, and administered it. The child passed a large quantity of worms.

The Only Genuine

McLane's Vermifuge,

Is the Dr. C. McLane's Vermifuge,

PREPARED BY

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CASTORIA

for

Infants and Children

Without Morphine or Narcotine.

What gives our Children rosy cheeks,
What cures their fevers, makes them sleep;
'Tis Castoria.

When Babies fret, and cry by turns,
What cures their colic, kills their worms,
But Castoria.

What quickly cures Constipation,
Sour Stomach, Colds, Indigestion;
But Castoria.

Farewell then to Morphine Syrups,
Castor Oil and Paregoric, and
Hail Castoria.

Centaur Liniment.—An absolute cure for Rheumatism, Sprains, Burns, Galls, &c., and an instantaneous Pain-reliever.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S

ORIENTAL CREAM

or Magical Beautifier

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth-Patches, Rash, and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 30 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure the preparation is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. The distinguished Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the Skin preparations." One bottle will last six months, using it every day. Also, Poudre Subtile removes superfluous hair without injury to the skin. Mme. M. B. T. GOURAUD, Sole Prop., 48 Bond st., N. Y. For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers throughout the United States, Canadas and Europe. Beware of base imitations. $1,000 reward for arrest and proof of any one selling same.

It gives rest to the weary and hope to the despondent. Celery, Beef and Iron.

H. W. S.

The Daily Oregonian

TUESDAY MORNING AUGUST 19 1884

AMERICA'S UN AMERICAN METROPOLIS

It having become apparent to the New York *Times* now the chief democratic campaign organ of the country that the workingmen in large numbers are going to support Blaine that journal tells them in substance that the interest of the laboring class in government is extremely small It would be well it says for them to look carefully into this no question How much can the government in the hands of any party, do to help the men who work for wages? Admitting that it can t do anything is n t the interest of the workingman in all that government can properly do still as great as that of any other citizen? The wealthy classes of New York, whose relations are chiefly with the wealthy classes of Europe, are rapidly bec m ing unrepublican This is the tendency of the wealthy classes of both parties there In consequence New York is a European rather than an American city Her better people as t o rich commercial and trading classes call them selves cannot conceive that government should exist for any purpose but to promote and protect their interests and operations The working classes therefore can have little interest in government From this it is only a step to the demand of the plutocrats dared to make that workingmen should not be allowed a voice in the government This European idea suits very well the European city of New York the sympathies of whose better classes are not in accord with American or republican ideas This fact goes far to account for the political phenomena now presented in that city. In spite of the protest of the Anglo American plutocracy of New York the republican party nominated James G Blaine The demand for his nomination came from the great masses who constitute the republican party That portion of the European population of the metropolis which hitherto has been attached, though but nominally to the republican party, bolted at once, and went over to join kindred spirits in the democratic camp and now they are all snarling together at the manifest disposition of those who hold American ideas and principles particularly the workingmen of the country to vote the other way

This fact that the wealthy classes of New York city are European rather than American in sentiment is manifest in many ways They ape and affect European manners and customs they have no feeling in common with the great mass of the American people, they characterize the country away from the Atlantic seaboard as the rowdy west their travels in the United States never extend west of the Allegheny mountains but they go to Europe to find the fellowship and culture they sigh for and come back to America to lament our own lack of refinement and civilization As might be expected their chosen candidate for president has never been farther west than the boundary of his own state of New York Most of the New York city newspapers taking their character from the European colony of the city give much more space to European than to American news They have no true sympathy with American life, political or social and have degenerated into a provincialism that makes it impossible for them to represent American character Twenty five years ago the newspapers of New York were the great journals of America with heavy circulation in all the states Now their circulation is limited to the metropolis and its suburbs and the cities of the west especially Chicago take the lead in distinctive American journalism

The hope of the democratic and un American alliance is to carry the presidential election by means of the solid south and the city of New York While it is true that the elements of the American idea of society and government are firmly rooted in the southern states yet for years they have not borne fruit owing to the disturbance caused by slavery and by the war and its consequences But the south has nothing now in common with the foreign sentiment of the city of New York and no real sympathy with it The alliance can be but temporary and in fact is now breaking up In the southern states a more liberal sentiment is gaining ground and among the working classes of New York, particularly those who have been attracted to America to escape from the political and plutocratic oligarchies of Europe there is reported a marked inclination to break away from the domination of the corresponding class in the un American metropolis of America

H. W. S.

JUST SIMPLE AND PLAIN

Though a great deal is said about the character of candidates and about minor questions, the main issue is simply a choice between the two leading parties They who think that the history character and purposes of the democratic party make that party worthy of confidence and support will vote unhesitatingly for its candidates They who think otherwise are not likely to do so

Here is the sore point with the truly good independents who are talking in favor of Cleveland They claim that he and his purposes are so much better than the party and its purposes that they are justified fully in giving him their support But is it so He himself contradicts flatly those who have put forward this claim in his behalf In his speech to the committee which called to notify him of his nomination he said I have been chosen to represent the plans the purposes and the policy of the democratic party Here is no hint of leadership to a higher political level than the democratic party has occupied heretofore. Rather there is evinced a willingness and an expectation to be the pliant agent and the tool of the democratic party as it is

The pretense made on Governor Cleveland's behalf which has drawn to his support some dainty democrats of the Schurz Curtis stripe is, that he is a reformer—moral and political, that he is the Moses by whom the democratic party is to be led up through a process of purification until its vices, if it have them left shall seem better in comparison than the best of republican virtues

But to this pretense Cleveland himself says "Nay" By his own free admission he is to the democratic party what the tool is to the hand of the artisan What the party requires he will perform, and in pursuing the policy of the democratic party he will find his highest service He boasts that he is a democrat he is proud to testify that he "has kept the faith" Not a sentence is to be found in his speech of acceptance which does not bristle with evidence that he gives fullest allegiance to his party as it is. In his estimation the policy of party is leader and he is the submissive follower he pretends to be nothing else

Here is a fact that emphasizes in a striking manner the idea that the contest is merely a choice between the two leading parties based on their history, their make up their tendencies and objects The great body of the people will so understand it.

The tax rate in the city of Boston has reached what may be called the danger point This year it is $17 a thousand—the highest rate ever known in the city The $17 is made up of a tax of $1 for state purposes 29 cents for county purposes, and $15 71 for the city The increase over last year is $2 21 per thousand The municipal tax in 1884 was $8,773,530 this year it is $10 517 629 There has been a loss in the valuation of personal property of $9 000 000 On the other hand there has been a gain in real property, giving a net gain in valuation of $215,800, as compared with gains of $10 000 000 in 1883, $7,000,000 in 1882, and $25 000 000 in 1881, or say an average yearly gain of $14 000,000. Had the gain this year been $30 000 000 instead of $215,800, says the Boston *Advertiser*, the city would have escaped a rate of $17 As it is, however, the city's expenditures seem to be in a fair way to double in five years, while its resources are not increasing.

REGULATION OF RAILROAD TRAFFIC

A citizen of Washington territory has presented in a communication to the Seattle *Post Intelligencer* a contribution to the solution of the railroad question which a constant reader desires us to copy Briefly stated this citizen wants the territorial legislature to pass a law making the chief justice of the territory a railroad commissioner for the regulation of tariff rates for the conveyance of passengers and freight by the railroads within the territory We have no doubt that a competent railroad commission, clothed with proper authority, would help as the constant reader says to put both railroad and business matters generally on a sound and solid footing But we do not think the chief justice or any other justice of the courts would be a suitable person to act in this capacity The railroads could secure the appointment of a friendly judge as well as that of any other man for commissioner and if this proposed act should become a law their temptation to control the courts would be vastly increased and lead to greater scandals than have ever been known in connection with this subject In the absence of a more direct method of settling questions of difference between the railroads and their patrons some states give the injured party a right to appeal to the court, which may then appoint a special commissioner to examine the case and make a report which the court may enforce But this method involves delay and is generally unsatisfactory If there is to be a railroad commission in Washington or Oregon it should be composed like that of Massachusetts of men who will represent the different interests which may come into conflict the railroads and their patrons and the law A board so constituted is better qualified to settle conflicting questions on the basis of right and justice as between the people on the one hand and the railroad interest on the other than any single individual acting alone

We agree with the citizen who proposes this law however in the main principles which he desires to have enforced Nothing is more clearly settled than the fact that railroads are public carriers and have corresponding rights and duties as such and that the state has power to enforce these duties as it is bound to protect these rights One of the plainest of these duties is that charges for freight and passenger traffic should be reasonable The public has the right to demand this and the railroads and their transportation companies are legally bound to concede it We also believe as we have stated several times within the past few months that it is for the interest of these companies as well as the people that the rates of traffic should be not merely reasonable but cheap The result of the British passenger business by rail for 1883 clearly shows that the lowest grade of fares have been the most productive in earnings The official statistics for 1883 show the receipts from third-class travel to have been £17 030 100 against £3 329 700 second class and £3 670 100 first class The gain in third class for the year over the returns of 1882 is about £700 000 and the first and second classes exhibit a loss in comparison The third class receipts are nearly three times as great as those of the other two classes together This is an unanswerable argument in favor of cheap travel It explains in part why the net earnings of the British railroads of 1883 amounted to 4 23 per cent on an increased capital—a result unexpectedly good The statistics do not give the comparative cost of running the three kinds of cars in which these passengers were carried but there is no doubt that the figures if obtained would be greatly in favor of the cheapest class The third class cars are always crowded the second class are only partly full and the first class on the mixed trains often go empty or carry much less than their complement of passengers

The New York *Journal of Commerce* referring to those English statistics says that "American railroad corporations have yet to learn by thorough and systematic trials how low a point fares can be put so as to produce the largest net earnings It is invariably the case that those roads which do the most liberal commuting business earn the most money from passengers They reduce the fare in consideration of the fact that the passenger makes daily trips But on each trip the company must make a profit else the more it commutes the more it would lose Now if it pays to take people at reduced rates between two points by the month or for the round trip why would it not also pay to make that rate applicable to everybody without regard to the number of trips? This experiment has never been tried except at times when the public has demanded and almost forced it from the companies as in the case of the great Philadelphia exposition and other national fairs The dividends in the years when these fairs were held indicated no decline in net earnings of the companies most affected by the reduced rates and until the contrary is proved we are entitled to suppose that the experiment was successful But no company in the United States has ever had the courage and faith to introduce really cheap rates of fare at all times and seasons with or without competition as an inciting cause Rivalry may make fares to Chicago Cincinnati or St Louis very low for a while, but the companies soon come to an understanding and re-establish uniform higher rates What the people want is more reasonable rates to non competing points, not commutation or excursion tickets, but unconditionally cheap fares We believe there is money in it" to an extent of which the companies little dream.

The argument of the *Journal of Commerce* one of the oldest and most conservative newspapers in New York agrees precisely with that of the OREGONIAN published several months ago and copied with favorable comment by the *Pioneer Press* and some of the Washington territory papers We have just noticed a fresh illustration of the principle that cheap fares strengthen traffic Not long ago the Chicago gas companies voluntarily reduced the price of gas to all consumers without reference to the amount consumed to one dollar per thousand The result has been entirely satisfactory to the companies It has increased the consumption of gas to such an extent that the companies have increased their profits The companies in the city of Buffalo taking the hint from Chicago have announced that on the 1st of October they will reduce the price of gas to $1 50 per thousand In both cases the reduction is a voluntary one and made on business principles with a view to net earnings The agitation of this subject with respect to railroad and other transportation companies will help to correct the errors of which the people in Washington territory complain and when they are corrected a new life will be infused into stagnant communities which will swell the volume of the companies' business and increase their profits And it is because we are convinced that there is money in cheap transportation for the companies as well as for the people that we are not disposed to favor such an impracticable method as our correspondent proposes which would only postpone the desired result

The Kansas prohibition [illegible] Without doubt [illegible] strength advanced by the prohibitionists Kansas and [illegible] extravagant [illegible] they will secure a larger support [illegible] great parties are willing to concede to them not only in the states mentioned [illegible] Wisconsin Michigan Ohio Indiana and Illinois The result will depend very largely upon the good faith and earnestness with which Governor St John and his most influential supporters conduct the campaign It is probably within their power and they may think it best, to prevent a large withdrawal of votes from the support of Mr Blaine in view of the fact that he is opposed in some quarters because he is understood to be a prohibitionist. Another important consideration may prevent a large vote for the prohibition ticket In Kansas and Iowa they have secured their triumph only through the support of the republican party To endanger the success of that party in a presidential campaign might anger republicans, and so lead to a reversal of all that they have won in those states On the other hand they may recklessly determine to push their canvass with all possible vigor and surprise the country by the magnitude of their vote in several of the states

A New York [illegible] for the campaign [illegible] all absorbing question with the political managers Democrats are making great efforts but with [illegible] success and the republicans [illegible] the fight [illegible] more [illegible] than ever before Chairman Barnum of the democratic committee is experiencing unusual difficulties Cleveland has no wealthy friends and his admirers have a little [illegible] that they [illegible] not [illegible] subscribe even in a small way It is reported he has Samuel J Tilden instead of giving $5 000 as it was reported has put his name down for $5000 The delay in Cleveland's letter of acceptance and the other [illegible] element that has [illegible] the contest have acted like a wet blanket on the democratic campaign The Blaine men are confident and say the sinews of war will be forthcoming when wanted Butler is wealthy and will spend his own money and the general impression is that he has more to spend than the three other candidates put together

The Marquis of Salisbury sneers at the recent demonstration in London as a picnic but to the thoughtful observer it was full of grave warning to the domineering aristocracy of Great Britain Mechanical industries have educated a class of intelligent artisans who cannot be dealt with in the summary way in which the low agricultural element has been handled by the landowning lords and gentry The progress of liberality in politics has been co[illegible] with the growth of the great manufacturing interests of Great Britain and the fate of the old regime was sealed when the reform bill was passed The aristocracy can yield slowly intelligently and gracefully as they have heretofore done and thereby retain their prestige and many of their privileges for a long time to come or they can measure their strength against that of the people with a result that needs no divining

President White of Cornell University who with Curtis etc al constituted the independent element in the republican national convention but who unlike Curtis refused to exhibit treachery because his favorite candidate failed of nomination has recently written to Theodore Roosevelt the following

> I regard this as the crisis of civil service reform which next to the abolition of human slavery will if successful be referred to in the next century as the great achievement of our country in this We are at the parting of the ways To place the country in the hands of the democratic party is certainly to check and probably destroy the reform for many years to bring to the republican party is to secure its regular and substantial development I therefore though my vote two years ago was cast at Chicago from first to last for Mr Edmunds I propose to vote at the coming election for Mr Blaine

It is a fact says the Providence *Journal* that nearly every one who is known of a single exception of these so called independent newspapers which now advocate Cleveland as the exemplar and candidate of reform can be and has been, quoted as declaring this same Cleveland the ally of monopoly and political corruption and the enemy of the laboring classes and of economical administration as shown by his course in treating New York legislation in 188[illegible] What has happened in a short year to change the opinions of these journals and [illegible] impartial journals we have not been able to discover that is so far as concerns regard of consistency and honor

Before the presidential election in November elections will be held in six states These are Arkansas September 1 Vermont September [illegible] Maine September 8 Georgia October 1 and Ohio and West Virginia October 14 But the elections [illegible] are the ones that will have any significant bearing on the real national election Ohio now as it stands is practically the pivotal state

Advertisements of "Wants," "Help Wanted," "To Let," "For Sale," etc will be inserted for ten cents per line for first insertion five cents per line thereafter No insertion for less than 20 cents and cash must be paid at the counter No bill for any amount less than 50 cents

Deaths Marriages and Births fifty cents each Resolutions of Condolence ten cents per line All [illegible]

DIED

At [illegible] August 18th 1884 [illegible] aged [illegible] years [illegible]

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT W. L. WOOD Room 11 Ainsworth block.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS for Sept at Wm. [illegible] Store, 511 Yamhill street.

NEW TO-DAY.

A [illegible] LAWN DRESSES [illegible]

SPECIAL [illegible] TO MILLINERS AND dressmakers [illegible]

WANTED [illegible] CLOAK HANDS [illegible]

SEASIDE AND OTHER LIBRARIES EX [illegible]

HARRIS' [illegible] SAFE [illegible]

CLOCKS CAREFULLY REPAIRED AT THE [illegible] HENRICHSEN & [illegible] 149 First st

IMPORTED SWISS [illegible]

$500 WILL BUY 50 ACRES OF GOOD [illegible] Washington

[illegible]

TO LET FOR REMAINDER OF SEASON A [illegible]

FOR SALE [illegible] FARM [illegible] NEARLY [illegible]

WANTED A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSE work Apply [illegible]

A VERY FINE PIANO FOR SALE CHEAP AT [illegible]

WANTED—A GOOD COOK ALSO TO DO [illegible]

$500 TO LOAN TO DECEMBER 1st ON good security Address A B care of [illegible]

WANTED A BRIGHT INTELLIGENT GIRL [illegible]

FOR SALE FRESH COWS WITH YOUNG calves [illegible]

[illegible]

$100 REWARD [illegible]

[illegible]

TEAS ARE OUR SPECIALTY.

PORTLAND MECHANICS FAIR Oct. 9th 25th

Portland Box Factory.

PACIFIC UNIVERSITY, FOREST GROVE, OREGON

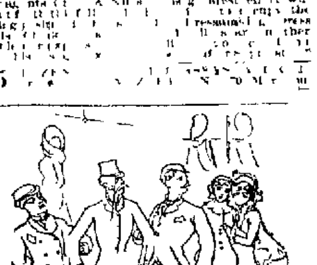
School year opens Wednesday Sept [illegible] Two Preparatory Courses. Three University Courses. Most admirable and complete facilities for both MUSICAL and ART instruction. The only Military Training School [illegible] Pacific Northwest. The Ladies department, giving all the advantages of a girls Seminary. A limited number of fine rooms, in suites of two, for two occupants, in the new Ladies' Hall, the best building of its kind in the state. Address J. R. ELLIS, Forest Grove, Or

[illegible] Lowry's Beef and Iron.

NEW TO-DAY.

[illegible]

75 [illegible]



Opening of the Public Schools!

We beg to announce that the public schools are about to open, and in order to have your children make a neat and clean appearance, they should be dressed in a NEW SUIT OF CLOTHES!

The first consideration is, where can we get the best goods for the least money? KOHN & STEINBACH have an IMMENSE STOCK to select from. LATEST AND PRETTIEST PATTERNS AT CHEAP FOR CASH

A few dollars will give your boy a handsome, genteel appearance if your selections are made at KOHN & STEINBACH'S.

We also have a big stock of Men's and Young Men's Clothing which we are offering at prices below New York cost on all lines from our Mr A K [illegible] taking advantage of New York markets buying goods for cash at bed rock prices. CALL EARLY AND SECURE YOUR BARGAINS.

CLOTHIERS KOHN & STEINBACH AND HATTERS Cor First & Morrison Sts

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

THURSDAY, AUG 21 at 10 A M [illegible]

A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

WHITMAN COLLEGE Begins its Third Year September 1, 1884 [illegible] A J ANDERSON President.

NOTICE. THE S S SANTA CRUZ Will sail for [illegible] FOR NANAIMO Wednesday evening August 20 1884 [illegible]

Established 1851 Hodge, Davis & Co. Importing Wholesale Druggists Nos 92 and 94 Front Street Cor. Stark Portland, Oregon

Tacoma Lime Co. SAN JUAN LIME. Plaster [illegible] Portland, Or

INSURANCE.

South British & National. Hamburg-Magdeburg, Germania. INSURANCE COMPANIES. DEPOSITED IN OREGON $200,000 JAMES LAIDLAW & CO Gen. Agts.

THE THAMES & MERSEY MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LIVERPOOL. Capital subscribed $10,000,000 Capital paid up 1,000,000 Reserve Fund, in addition to capital 1,375,000 Cash Assets, June 30th 1881 6,333,000 Deposit in Oregon 50,000 Risks accepted and POLICIES WRITTEN the agency No. 4 FIRST ST PORTLAND OR PHILIP [illegible] SCHUYLER Agent.

IMPERIAL, LONDON NORTHERN, and QUEEN Insurance Companies of London & Liverpool Deposit in Oregon $300,000 CORBITT & MACLEAY General Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho Office 64 and 66 Front St Portland, Or

THE OREGON Fire and Marine Insurance Co. OF PORTLAND OR. Capital paid up $250,000 00 Assets exceed 350,000 00 M W FECHHEIMER President M S BURRELL Vice President EDWARD HALL Secretary PRINCIPAL OFFICE [illegible] STARK ST

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO. FIRE AND MARINE Capital $750,000. BRANCH OFFICE FOR OREGON North side Stark bet. Front & First, Portland. JAMES S REED, Agent.

EVERDING & FARRELL, DEALERS IN Hay, Bran, Middlings, Chops, Oats, Wheat, Oil Meal, and Feed of all kinds; also Groceries and Provisions. FRONT AND ALDER STREETS.

WANTS.

WANTED—GOOD HOUSE OF [illegible] ROOMS [illegible]

WANTED—ROOM AND BOARD [illegible]

WANTED LADIES AND GENTLEMEN IN [illegible]

HELP WANTED

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT

AMUSEMENTS NEW MARKET THEATER. [illegible] Manager To night, Tuesday, August 19 [illegible] CHARLOTTE THOMPSON! [illegible] "OGARITA," IN THE SEA OF ICE!

SPECIAL AUCTION SALE OF Fine Work Horses AT GODDARD & FRAZIER'S STABLES, Cor Second and Morrison sts. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 20, at 10 A M A B RICHARDSON Auctioneer

FURNITURE Wall Paper Carpets G SHINDLER & CO PORTLAND

CASH IS OUR MOTTO! Groceries at Bed-rock Prices! All other goods in same Proportion AT BRISTOL & BUXTON'S No 50 Morrison street bet. Second and Third

Redington, Woodard & Co. WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, PORTLAND

TOWNE THE Photographer, First and Morrison.

FINE MILLINERY! AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Beautiful Flowers, Hats and Trimmings. MISS A. S. JORGENSEN. 165 First st. Next to Ladd & Tilton's Bank

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LARGEST AND FINEST DRUG HOUSE THE NORTHWEST. SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD [illegible] Importers and Wholesale Druggists

To the Taxpayers of Multnomah County, Oregon NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN [illegible] Assessor Multnomah Co, Oregon

CLEVELAND & HENDRICKS. AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN FOR [illegible]

TO LET—ROOMS.

TO LET—HOUSES AND STORES

ROOMS AND BOARD

BUSINESS CHANCES.

EDUCATIONAL

ACADEMY OF THE SACRED HEART SALEM OREGON

THE ANNIE WRIGHT SEMINARY, A Boarding and Day School for Girls, Tacoma, Wash ter

California Military Academy, OAKLAND CALIFORNIA Term begins July 31, 1884

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COOK'S MUSIC PARLORS. The Fall Term will begin September 1.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THE AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE BEGINS SEPTEMBER 15.

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SUMMER RESORTS.

CASCADE WARM WELL SPRINGS.

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"The Tacoma." A NEW & ELEGANT SUMMER RESORT OPEN ALL THE YEAR

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GO TO Mt HOOD Via Hood River OVER THE NEW ROAD

SWOPE & TAYLOR 5 & 7 Washington St LEGAL BLANKS LEADING PRINTERS

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—HORSE AND HARNESS. AT LAWLER Bros. Club Stable.

FOR SALE [illegible] CLOSE AN ESTATE THIRTY shares stock in the Oregon Fire and Marine Insurance [illegible] Hodge or to Hodge, Davis & Co.

FOR SALE—BUSINESS BUGGY CHEAP AT Portland Iron Works.

FOR SALE—RAUCKENBERGER BAKERY AND coffee house. Apply to [illegible] DAWSON

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

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BUSINESS SPECIALS.

50 DOZEN ALLWOOL JERSEYS IN ALL colors at $1 00 at [illegible]

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I WILL [illegible]

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP [illegible]

NOTICE TO BRIDGE BUILDERS—THE CITY Council of the City of Montesano, Chehalis county [illegible]

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC

PROPOSALS FOR BUILDING Headquarters Department of the Columbia, Vancouver Barracks, W. T. August 14, 1884 [illegible] Chief Quartermaster

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W. P. LEWIS & CO. PORTLAND PLANING MILLS. MANUFACTURERS OF SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, BRACKETS, MOULDINGS, WINDOW AND Door Frames, Casings, STAIRS AND STAIR MATERIAL. WOOD-TURNING, ETC OFFICE in Factory Building Southwest cor of Front and D streets, Portland Or.

For Thirty Days. CLOSING OUT! MIRRORS, MOULDINGS, ENGRAVINGS Picture Frames, Etc. S. & C. CUMP. 99 Third st., between Oak and Pine. THIS IS A BONA FIDE SALE.

YOU WANT SOMETHING NEW, DO YOU? A ROCKFORD R. R. WATCH, HAVE JUST RECEIVED $10,000 WORTH OF DIAMONDS! Come to See Us and Secure a Bargain! NEW YORK JEWELRY CO. 107 First St., Between Washington and Stark

RUBBER STORE Rubber Hunting Boots, Coats, Hats, Caps, Gossamers, etc. PRESTON, NOTT & CO. 154 FIRST STREET.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD! [illegible] Dr. E. C. Brown, [illegible]

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GILMAN & CO., AUCTIONEERS & COMMISSION MERCH. No. 42 First st., bet. Pine and An

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE, Furniture, General Merchandise, Horses, etc. REGULAR SALE DAYS—Tues Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.

SPECIAL AUCTION SA

—OF—

Elegant Household Furni

We are instructed by Capt. E. Van Oe [illegible] the residence,

235 Eighth street, corner of

ON ACCOUNT OF DEPARTURE,

ON TUESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1

Commencing at 10 o'clock A. M.

PARLOR FURNITURE.

Elegant Parlor Suite, 7 pieces, [illegible] Etagere, Tables, Lace Curtains, Bookcase, [illegible] Chair, Adjustable Chair in leather, [illegible] Dining Chairs, Library Table, Car [illegible] marble-top table, [illegible]

BODY BRUSSELS AND MOQUETTE CARPETS

Throughout the house. [illegible] and Beer [illegible] Glass, Decanters, etc.; Hall Carpe[illegible] Center, and also elegant

WALNUT AND MARBLE-TOP ROOM SETS

Of the latest designs.

N. B.—The above mentioned goods [illegible] chased but a short time ago and are as good and we invite the attention of buyers to this residence will be open upon Monday, the 18th inspection of goods.

GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

REGULAR AUCTION SA

Our regular Tuesday sale is postponed

Wednesday, August

at 10 A. M.

AT SALESROOM, NO. 42 FIRST

At which time we will dispose of a full lin

HOUSEHOLD FURNIT

—AND—

CARPETS.

GILMAN & CO., Auct

SPECIAL AUCTION SA

—OF—

FINE FURNITU

AT RESIDENCE.

We will sell by auction at the residence

NO. 151 PACIFIC ST., COR. MURI

Take Washington-street cars

On Thursday, Aug. 21, 1

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

The entire fine furniture of residence, compri[illegible] hall and stairs, elegant ingrain rugs, [illegible] book case, walnut desk, sofa and easy chairs, leather, finely upholstered sofa and easy chai[illegible] dellers, portieres, Madras curtains, tapestr[illegible] carpets, crumb cloth, walnut [illegible] table, oak dining chairs, walnut sideboard, [illegible] heating stoves, chiffonier, elegant walnut [illegible] bedroom suite, walnut dressing case, walnut [illegible] tresses, [illegible] bedstead and hair mattresses, [illegible] a fine range and kitchen furniture.

GILMAN & CO., Auctio

N. B.—Particular attention is called to this [illegible] for [illegible] being first-class, particularly the [illegible] rugs, etc.

T. J. O'CONNOR,

Auctioneer & Commission Mer

First and Pine.

Monday and Thursday, Furniture & [illegible] Wednesday, Real Estate Sale. Saturday, [illegible] Sale.

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D. P. BALLARD, COUNSELOR-AT-LAW, Olympia, W. T.

BENNETT & PAXTON, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS-AT Cree building, N. E. cor. First and [illegible] Portland, Oregon.

D. P. KENNEDY, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-L Room 3, Dekum's Building. Infringement suits conducted, also trade[illegible] copyright matters, and other legal business [illegible] to letters patent for invention

ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEE

H. HAWGOOD, Assoc. [illegible] M. Inst. C. E., Eng. [illegible] A. M. LUPPER, [illegible] Fayette Colle

HAWGOOD & LUPPER, CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEY Labbe Building, Washington st Portland, Oregon.

W. H. BURRAGE, CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEY Office, Room 11, N. W. corner Second and Salmo

H. W. & T. H. OGILBE, CIVIL ENGINEERS AND DRAUGHTS Special Attention given to City W Office, Room 7, Ainsworth Block. Third an

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

TAYLOR, YOUNG & CO., SHIP BRO Commission Merchants; agts for [illegible] Archipelago Lime Co. 34 Front street, cor.

H. E. BATTIN, GENERAL COM Merchants and produce dealers, 120 F

ALLEN & LEWIS, COMMISSION A [illegible] Merchants, Front and D Sts., Portl

MILLER & WEST—J. C. MILLER, W. [illegible] Commission Merchants in general and [illegible] 111 Front st., between Washington and

S. HOLDMAN & CO., COMMISSION & F [illegible] Merchants, 126 Front street, Portland

A. GRAHAM, HIRSTEL & CO., COM Merchants, 2 and 4 N. Front st., Portla

G. COHN & BRO., 170 FRONT STREE [illegible] produce a specialty

GIBSON, CHURCH & CO., SHIPPI Commission Merchants, specialties wh[illegible] salmon, grain bags, etc., N. W. cor. Front an[illegible] Portland, Or.

MILL AND FARM MACHINE

FRANK BROTHERS' IMPLEMENT C[illegible] Importer and dealer in farm and mill [illegible] and 20 Front st., Portland, Or.

KNAPP, BURRELL & CO., WHOLESAL machinery and dealers in agricultu[illegible] ments, farm and spring wagons, buggies [illegible] portable and stationary engines; saw [illegible] machinery a specialty; rubber an[illegible] belting.

CHAS. H. DODD & CO., SOLE AGENT [illegible] Mower and Reaper, Canton Pitt's [illegible] Schuttler Wagons; Front, Fir

JOS. WAGNER & CO., FLOURING M[illegible] Exclusively. All kinds of flouring mill [illegible] No. [illegible] N. Front St. See circular

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

JOS. L. SMITH, VETERINARY SURGE[illegible] be found at Mason's stables, 2 Taylor st

WHOLESALE GROCERS

ABRAHAM, HIRSTEL & CO., WHO[illegible] grocers, 2 and 4 N. Front street, Portl

ALLEN & LEWIS, WHOLESALE G[illegible] Grocers, Front and D sts., Portland, O

CORBITT & MACLEAY, WHOLESA[illegible] [illegible] and Commission Merchants, 8 [illegible] Portland.

McCRAKEN & MASON, WHOLESA[illegible] [illegible] and Commission Merchants, [illegible] Front street, Portland.

WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, WHOLES[illegible] [illegible], Forwarding and Commission [illegible] Nos. 46 and 48 Front street, Portland, Or.

SADDLERY AND HARNE

J. B. CONGLE, Wholesale and Retail DEALER IN SADDLERY. Nos. 108 and 110 Front st. Portland, Or.

$18 HARNESS, $18—FULL NICK[illegible] buggy and cart harness, cheapest [illegible] the state for the money. Other goods in [illegible] at Cronin's Saddlery, 201 Front and Taylo[illegible]

PLUMBING AND GAS FIT

THOMAS J. JOHNSTON, PRACTICA[illegible] [illegible] and Steam Fitter. Agent f[illegible] Steam Pump; best in use. Prompt att[illegible]

LEATHER AND FINDING

BRADLEY & [illegible], 102 FRONT [illegible] between Washington and Stark stre[illegible] and Findings, Shoe Store supplies, Belting

MACHINISTS.

TRENKMAN & WOLFE, MACHINIST [illegible] Iron Works, foot of [illegible] of all descriptio[illegible]

CIGARS AND TOBACCO

W. [illegible] BROS & CO., WH[illegible] 201 Front s[illegible]

TRUNKS AND VALISES

L. [illegible] & CO., WHOLES[illegible] [illegible] Front st.

SHOW CASES.

[illegible] & CO., MANUFA[illegible] [illegible] Country ord[illegible]

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 19, 1884.

Entered at the Postoffice at Portland, Or., as second class matter.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

BY MAIL—POSTAGE PREPAID—IN ADVANCE.

Daily, per month	$1 00
Daily with Sunday, per month	1 20
Daily, per year	10 00
Daily with Sunday, per year	12 00
Sunday, per year	2 50
Sunday and Weekly per year	3 50
The Weekly, per year	2 50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday excepted	20c
Daily, per week, delivered, Sunday included	25c

THE OREGONIAN IN THE EAST.

The paper can be seen at the following places: New York City—S. C. Beckwith, eastern representative of THE OREGONIAN, 48 Tribune building. [illegible]—Lord & Thomas, McCormick block. [illegible] News Agency. Philadelphia—N. W. Ayer & Son, Eighth and Chestnut sts. [illegible] Public Library. Washington, D. C.—Library of Congress. St. Paul—Pioneer-Press office. [illegible] Post and Advertiser. Boston—[illegible] & Sons, Globe st. St. Louis—Pettis & Sons, [illegible]. [illegible]—Dispatch office, [illegible] Bros. [illegible] & Smith.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, AUG. 18, 7:51 P. M.

Place of Observation	Height of Barom.	Change last 8 Hours.	Ther	Wind Direction	Rain fall Inches	State of weather
Portland	29.91	—.07	69	N	.00	Clear
Olympia	29.92	—.09	70	Calm	.00	Fair
Roseburg	29.89	—.05	70	N	.00	Clear
Red Bluff	29.74	—.01	90	S	.00	Clear
Sacramento	29.78	—.03	65	S	.00	Clear
Bandon	29.97	—.01	56	N	.00	Foggy

OREGONIAN POSTOFFICE.

Following is a list of letters for advertisers remaining at this office on this date:

A. B.	M. N.	C. S.—7
[illegible]	D. N.	S. S.—4
Farm	Room 2	Edwards
Cottage	H. & B.	W. [illegible]
A. I. P.	N. Y. Z.—3	Housekeeper
S. D.		
Graham		

The Oregonian at Ilwaco and Weather Beach.

Daily delivery to these points, also of mail and parcels. Orders may be left with F. B. Bracken, Astoria, corner Olney and Squemoqhe streets.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY.

Gilman & Co. sell fine furniture by order of Captain Van Oterendorp, at residence, corner Main and Eighth.

CITY.

INVENTORY OF BABY CARRIAGES.—Among the advertisements appearing in THE OREGONIAN yesterday morning was one for a "second-hand baby wagon, to fill an order for the country." The vehicles were to be brought to the store of Henry Everding, who was to make the choice, he being a man of extensive experience in such matters. At an early hour the baby wagons began to arrive, and in a short time about 50 were on hand blockading the sidewalk and street and creating great excitement. There were baby buggies of all styles and colors and ages, and Everding's eyes stuck out at the array that could be hung on them. His first action was to dispatch a messenger to order his "ad" out of the paper. Then he began an inspection of the buggies on hand and waded around among them like a steer in a wheat field. The merchants in the vicinity crowded around in amazement to find out the cause of the gathering of so many baby buggies in one place. Some thought Everding had a job lot of babies for sale cheap, others that he had concluded to go into the baby farming business or start an orphan's home. But when it was understood what the cause of the trouble was, there was much speculation as to why so many people were ready to dispose of a baby buggy, which, like Toodle's coffin, is always a handy thing to have around a house. It is said by political economists that the supply of babies is regulated by the supply of bread, and with the great crop of wheat now being harvested in Oregon it might be confidently expected that there would be a corresponding increase in the population. But it seems that the deductions of political economists cannot always be relied upon, and it is certain that there are a large number of people in Portland who have concluded that they will not have use again for perambulators very soon.

CHANCE TO MAKE A STAKE.—Most people have heard of sweating coin, that is, shaking it backward and forward in a long sack for the purpose of collecting the particles worn off by the coins rubbing against each other, but few would imagine that it would be a very profitable field of labor. Yesterday a reporter of this paper happened into the Portland Savings bank just as two of the clerks had finished counting over $16,000 in gold twenties. They exhibited their hands, which were blackened and literally glittered with particles of gold which had adhered to them in merely handling the gold once. They stated that on emptying a larger sum fresh from the mint out of the sacks in which it was received, the gold dust came out in such quantity that it could be scraped up off the counter with the hands. So it will be seen that by putting a large quantity of gold coin in a large sack and pouring it from end to end for a long time a considerable quantity of dust might be accumulated. If the shaking were kept up long enough the coin might probably be all worn to dust. If a fellow could borrow a few hundred thousand dollars in twenties he might make a stake by sweating it—and himself at the same time.

ROW IN THE PARK.—Complaint was made at this office yesterday against Mr. Myers, the keeper of the City Park, charging him with being rude and violent to certain parties visiting the park, and it is alleged that he so far forgot himself as to set his dog on a child on Sunday last. THE OREGONIAN has no desire to do Mr. Myers an injustice and will not condemn him without hearing his statement concerning this matter. There was a great rumpus in the park on Sunday, and the shouting and screaming of people was heard by persons at some distance, and some one was heard yelling, "That is the way out," which seems evidence of the truthfulness of the statement that Myers ordered some parties out of the park. Just what provocation he had, and whether any provocation could justify his actions on Sunday, remains to be seen, and the attention of the committee on streets and public property is called to the matter. Mr. Myers has the reputation of an orderly and respectable citizen, but if he is to be retained in his present position he must show his fitness by satisfactorily explaining his part in the row which took place in the park on Sunday.

A MOVING SPECTACLE.—There is shown in the window of the New York Jewelry Company, on First street, a remarkable curiosity. It is a nut or seed which is always moving. Laid in whatever position, or upon whatever substance, it keeps jumping ahead or to one side, or turning over, and sometimes all motions combined. It looks as if a magnet was near at hand constantly exercised an influence over its movements. The curiosity is known as the Nervous Seed, and is grown in the tropics. It looks like a small acorn, cut in two, and then a slice taken off of one-half, and is somewhat larger than a pea. One gentleman, who is familiar with the seed, says that it will keep up the motion for years and years. The only reasonable explanation of this sample of perpetual motion is that it contains an insect or worm which feeds upon the nut, and every time it moves, the nut moves. There are no windows in the worm's house, and he must have a lonesome time of it, if he lives there by himself. Whether this is the correct explanation or not, the curiosity is worth seeing.

OTHER SWINDLERS IN THE LAW'S CLUTCHES.—"Prof." J. W. Hill, who has been engaged for some time in professing to teach unsophisticated parties how to color photographs, to make them beautiful forever, and who was a partner in the envelope swindling game at the corner of North First and B streets, waived examination yesterday in Justice Redmond's court on a charge of setting up a lottery, and was held to answer before the grand jury in the sum of $500. June Wagenheimer, another partner in the game, has also waived examination, and was held to answer in the same sum. Prosecuting Attorney Gearin is determined to prosecute these cases with vigor, and it is to be hoped that the city may be rid of these thieving games, which have so long disgraced the city. There is probably not another city in the Union where such swindlers would have been tolerated for a week, and it is not likely that any sharper will in future be permitted to rob the innocent and unsuspecting here with impunity.

HIS MUSIC HAD NO CHARMS.—Captain C. A. Bell, who was arrested with a companion on Monday evening for doing the ballad singing act on the streets in such poor style as to make themselves nuisances, came up for trial in the police court yesterday, his companion, C. H. Leslie, having succeeded in escaping from an officer when out looking for bail. Bell appeared in the dock and in his own behalf stoutly maintained that his companion was the noisy party and that he was trying to "pacify" him. The statements of the officers who arrested him disagreed with his version of the case and the judge remarked that as he had been let off on different occasions he would now fine him $10. Next time Bell tries street singing he will get his pipes tuned to a different pitch.

INJURED BY A RUNAWAY.—Early yesterday morning an Italian vegetable gardener, named Farbrini, met with a serious accident on First street, near Montgomery. While driving across the First street railway the wheels of his wagon caught on the track, throwing it around to one side, and scaring the horses, which started on a run, striking the wheel of the wagon against a shade tree, and throwing Mr. Farbrini from his seat, his head striking on the sidewalk, knocking him senseless. The pole of the wagon was broken, and the horses tore themselves loose from the vehicle, but were captured after running a short distance. It was at first supposed that Farbrini was fatally injured, but Dr. Giltner dressed his wound, and he is in a fair way of recovery.

AN APOLOGIST.—Merkel, the saloon keeper arrested some days since for selling liquor to Indians, and who felt so insulted by the action that he would not give bail and almost refused to go to jail at all, has come to his senses and wants to apologize for his conduct on the ground that he was drunk. He expresses his willingness to go before the court to-day and have the matter arranged. It appears that a fellow who had been fined for the same crime detected Merkel in selling liquor to an Indian, and made the complaint, claiming that as he had been punished Merkel ought to be punished also. His was dead right and his action proves the truthfulness of the old adage, "Misery likes company."

MUSICAL AND LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT.—The ladies of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union are making extensive preparations for a first class entertainment, to be given at their new hall at No. 231 Fifth street near Alder, to-morrow evening. Aside from the music and recitations, the young ladies of the society are arranging for a flower and candy table, which will add greatly to the attraction of the evening. Coffee and sandwiches will be served free. Ice cream and cake, 15 cents. Admission 25 cents; children half price.

OVERLAND PASSENGERS.—Passed Heron yesterday to arrive in Portland to-day: George Marshall, Philip Goodwell, W. J. Imbrie, A. Judie, Bailey Willis, Henry Hasler and wife, Miss Fannie C. Hasler, J. W. Christman, Susie E. Kear, Kitten Kear, John G. Peebles and wife, George Froeschler, Annie Julian, Rose Julian, Martin Julian, George W. Lawby and son.

SHERIFF'S SALES.—Forty acres of land located back of Rooster rock belonging to George Crozier, was sold at sheriff's sale at the county court house yesterday for $181 45. It was sold on a judgment obtained by J. C. Henrecks, and was purchased for L. M. Gibbs of this city. Sheriff Jordan also sold the New York tea store of P. Bigelow for $700.

AN EPISODE IN CREAM PIE.—Just because Eugene LaRocque had a hankering for cream pie four times a day he got himself licked. He was a regular boarder at the Louisville restaurant, so much a week for three meals a day. Sunday he took two meals with cream pie each time and in the evening came in and ordered for tea cream pie and a glass of milk, which were served by James Murray, who appears to be a decent, respectful waiter. Then LaRocque concluded to order another piece of cream pie. He was stuck on that brand of pie, so to speak. In the demand of the second piece of cream pie, the young man attempted to pass the bounds set by the man who runs the restaurant. His express orders to waiters were not to furnish more than one piece of cream pie at one meal to a regular boarder. Murray did not want to violate orders, so brought the case before the head waiter, whom he told that La Rocque had eaten his three pieces of cream pie that day. This La Rocque denied, threw out a hint that Murray dealt sparingly with truth and that his ancestry were not gentlemanly, whereupon Murray properly and promptly knocked La Rocque down. The assailed made complaint in Justice Greene's court, and yesterday Murray was fined $5 for defending his honor and his employer against the ravages of the cream pie fiend.

CONTINENTAL TRAFFIC RATES.—The Transcontinental association, composed of all the railway lines west of the Missouri river, will hold a meeting at Saratoga, New York, September 2. It will be the last meeting held before the present Pacific coast freight contracts expire, and will be the most important in the history of the association, because it will decide as to the method of conducting the transcontinental traffic next year. The question whether the present contract system with cities on the Pacific seaboard shall be continued upon present terms will come up. Cities which enjoy the contract system are: Portland, Astoria, Tacoma and Seattle, and in California San Francisco, Los Angeles, Stockton, Sacramento and Marysville. It will also be decided whether only such shippers as now enjoy contracts shall be entitled to them next year or whether the rates will be thrown open to all shippers, large and small, in these favored places. All wholesale dealers are interested in the result of the meeting, and particularly the agricultural implement dealers who usually place orders in September for their spring stock.

SWIMMING MATCH.—The swimming match of members of the Willamette Rowing club, which was to have taken place this evening, has been postponed till 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon, August 23, at which time the club will have a swimming match free for all comers. There are a number of swimmers in this city who imagine that they can defeat any other swimmer here, and this match is intended to give the fast swimmers of Portland and vicinity a chance to try their powers and demonstrate who is the champion. It is expected that a large number of entries will be made, a full list of which will be published on the day of the race.

VICTORIAS WIN THE SECOND GAME.—Yesterday afternoon the second cricket match of the present series of three between Portland and Victoria was concluded, the visitors being victorious by a score of 112 to 94. The third game was begun at 2 P. M., the Portland team going to the wicket. At 6 P. M. they were still there, the score being 62 for 8 wickets. The game will be resumed at 11 o'clock this morning and finished before evening. At 8 P. M. a dinner will be given to the Victoria team at the St. George hotel, at which it is expected that a number of the leading citizens of Portland will attend.

A BEAUTIFUL EX-POLICEMAN.—O. D. Buck, the ex-policeman arrested for fraud in swindling Mrs. Sarah E. Rice, the old lady, out of a lodging house, had an examination before Justice Greene yesterday. The evidence that he had practiced deception in securing the bill of sale and that the poor woman received no equivalent was too plain, and Buck was held to answer in bonds of $250 to await the action of the grand jury. There may be a meaner form of dishonesty than a lazy loafer trying to filch from a helpless old woman her only possession, but it is hard to imagine one.

DISCHARGED.—Some days since three men were arrested at a down town hotel on a charge of larceny from the person of a former employe of the house named Pat Daley. The case has been continued since Friday last, and the first examination took place in the police court yesterday. There is not much doubt that Daly lost $50 or more, but it could not be fastened on the young men arrested, and they were discharged.

CAN'T SELL FRUIT TO MONTANA.—About three tons of fruit, principally pears, was shipped east by the Northern Pacific express yesterday. The greater part of the fruit is for St. Paul, the remainder for Chicago. It seems as if the trade in fruit with Montana from which so much was expected here is closed to us by the rates of freight which are greater to Helena or Butte than to St. Paul.

FROM ALASKA.—The Ancon arrived at Port Townsend yesterday and sailed direct for San Francisco. Her passengers are coming here via Tacoma and the river this morning. The Idaho will make the next trip to Alaska.

HEAVY FIRE.

Warehouse of the Portland Lumbering Company and Adjoining Buildings Burned—Three Horses Burned to Death.

About 3 o'clock yesterday morning—just after THE OREGONIAN had gone to press—fire broke out in the large frame barn owned by the Portland Lumbering and Manufacturing company (Pennoyer's mill) on the east side of Water street, immediately back of Smith Bros. & Watson's iron works. A general alarm was turned in from box 4, which met with ready response. The building was old and dry, filled with inflammable material, and stood upon a side hill, thus allowing a draught from the bottom. Flames shot up in one great volume, throwing out a heavy shower of sparks, large and small. For ten or fifteen minutes it burned with great fierceness, endangering buildings on the west side of the street. There was quick response by the department, and fortunately the water supply, which is now shut off at 7 P. M., was turned on before the engines got well to work. So there was no scarcity of water, and the engines being higher than the fire, good, strong streams were thrown, in some cases too powerful for the hose. The soda water works of Grundle Bros., a few feet north of the warehouse, and Mr. Cole's two story residence, south, caught and were nearly consumed.

The building was a mass of flames when the fire was first discovered, and two young men asleep in it, barely escaped with their lives. Jennings Bros. had a lot of furniture stored on the main floor, while the basement was occupied as a stable by the lumbering company. Three horses housed there, could not be rescued and the poor creatures burned to death. Their screams were heard by those who got to the fire early. One of the horses was Mr. Pennoyer's splendid chestnut roadster, to which he was much attached and whose loss cannot be made good with coin. Other losses are as follows:

Portland Lumbering Co.—warehouse, about $1500; insured $1000 in Phoenix of London.

Jennings Bros.—furniture, stoves, etc., $2000; insured $2000.

Mr. Cole—dwelling house and furniture, $1000; insured $[illegible].

Geo. Herrall—building occupied as soda works, $600; no insurance.

Grundle Bros.—soda works, about $1000; fully insured.

PERSONAL.

Dr. W. F. Smith has returned from the seaside.

Mrs. J. Kronholm has returned from a pleasant trip to Ilwaco.

B. L. Carr has gone to Victoria and Nanaimo for a two weeks' vacation.

Mrs. E. J. Northrup returned from North Beach yesterday, accompanied by her son, Frank O. Northrup.

Judge Smith will be at Astoria on Wednesday and will probably take up cases on Thursday which are to be heard by him.

Mr. C. Adolphus Lowe and party go east to-day. From St. Paul they go over the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Short Line.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe. L. Hayne and Mrs. S. Coulter have just returned from a two weeks' sketching excursion on the Sandy near Mt. Hood.

Mr. Sam Conser, the well known conductor on the East side road, has been granted a two weeks' leave of absence and accompanied by his family, leaves for Ilwaco this morning.

BRIEF MENTION.

Last night of Charlotte Thompson.

A movement is on foot to organize a Blaine and Logan club among the business men of this city.

A select private excursion of Hebrew young ladies and gentlemen will go to Lina city park next Sunday.

Four's engine was called out about 8 o'clock last evening by a still alarm, caused by a fire breaking out in the ruins of the warehouse on Water street, burned yesterday morning. The blaze was speedily extinguished without any injury being done.

W. H. Williams has completed the plans for a cottage to be erected at Sea View by Hon. D. P. Thompson. It is to be a more pretentious structure than the ordinary seaside cottages, having a parlor, sitting room, dining room and kitchen on the first floor, and sleeping apartments above. It will cost about $2000.

AMUSEMENTS.

To-night the engagement of Miss Charlotte Thompson closes with "The Sea of Ice."

At the Tivoli benefit last night the house was packed from stage to door. The company were in fine spirits and gave an excellent performance.

Theatricals in Chinatown have taken a boom, and the temple of Thespis, corner Second and Alder, could not hold the people who came to see the new company and the gymnasts. Among the audience, were about one hundred white people, including several ladies.

Bankrupt Sale in East Portland.

C. F. Yeaton & Co. have purchased from the assignee the entire stock of dry goods and millinery formerly owned by W. P. Cameron & Co., and will sell at the old stand, for one week, the goods, at less than cost. The stock is new and [illegible], and parties will do well to call on Mr. Yeaton and secure bargains.

Real Estate.

J. W. Brasfield of Yaquina Bay is agent for some of the best real estate adjacent to the terminus of the [illegible] [illegible] parties who wishes to be informed about any desirable piece can call at the office of [illegible] [illegible] & [illegible], First street, Portland, or address J. W. Brasfield, Newport, Benton county, Oregon.

The Truth About La Camas

Is, that it is the only place in the Northwest unaffected by the present dull times;

Its magnificent water power and its fine location, backed by its large capital, will [illegible] always as it is now, the liveliest town in the Northwest;

Its people are [illegible] new men from the East, who have brought large capital and abundant enterprise with them;

It is the best place in all this country for new comers to make a start in business or to get work;

It is not a real estate speculation, and has no real estate sharks;

It costs only $1 (for the round trip) and a few hours' time to go and see it.

Take the steamer "Traveler" at the foot of Morrison street, Portland, at 2:30 P. M. daily.

Personal.

San Francisco Gallery.—Owing to the protracted illness of Mr. W. H. Towne, he has found it necessary to send to California for a first-class operator, who will occupy his place in the gallery until he recovers his health. W. H. TOWNE, Proprietor.

Railroad Tickets.

Tickets to all points east over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Short Line for sale only by A. J. Maxwell, ticket agent O. R. & N. Ry., Ash st. wharf, Portland, or by regular coupon ticket agents on this coast.

EAST PORTLAND COUNCIL.

Another $1,000 Loan Authorized—Quarterly Report of Treasurer—Tax Registers to be Made to Tangle Fire Matters—Etc.

The regular meeting of the common council of East Portland occurred last evening, Mayor Sanders in the chair and all members present.

Following is a synopsis of the proceedings:

PETITIONS, REMONSTRANCES, ETC.

From Mrs. R. A. Hawthorne and John Kenworthy, asking that an approach be graded to the ravine slough at the intersection of N and Seventh streets, and that a platform be built at said point upon which the [illegible] may stand and draw water in case of fire; referred to the committee on fire and water.

From John Collins, asking the use of a portion of the sidewalk on the southeast corner of Fourth and L streets for business purpose, until such time as his former place of business could be rebuilt. The mayor expressed that the council had no right to grant the use of public property, but they might decline to take any action in the matter. On motion of Wheeler the matter was then referred to the committee on streets.

From Sam Stafford, special police officer, asking some remuneration from the city, his present salary only being $10 per week. On motion of Wheeler referred to the committee on health and police.

From property owners on J street, remonstrating against the proposed improvement of said street, from Water to Sixteenth. As the remonstrance was filed after the prescribed time for such action and only represented ten but a [illegible] of the streets and one half required for a majority, it was laid upon the table.

The city attorney made a verbal report on several matters under his charge. The suit of William Dalston et al., restraining the collection of taxes from plaintiffs, has been decided in favor of the city, but had been appealed to the supreme court. The appeal, however, did not revive the injunction, and the city could proceed to collect the taxes due. The suit of the Oregon Real Estate Association, restraining the collection of assessments for street improvements, had also been decided in favor of the city. In case of appeal, as in the former case, it would not affect the collection of assessments.

In the matter of two pits left open and unprotected by the railroad company, the attorney stated that no person had a right to endanger the lives of the public even on their own property, and though the company could not be compelled to fill up the pits, they could be made to furnish protection against accident.

In the matter of lamp posts injured by runaways he found the city had not yet taken the proper steps for the collection of damages.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

From Wheeler and Smith, of the committee on streets, approving the plats and specifications of the city surveyor for the elevated roadway on J street, and recommending their adoption. Report adopted, Bruner voting no.

From the committee on fire and water, recommending the indefinite postponement of the matter of constructing fire cisterns, petitioned for at the last meeting, for economical reasons. Wheeler explained the committee had in contemplation the running of slips into the slough, until such time as the city could afford to build cisterns. The report was adopted.

REPORTS OF OFFICERS.

City Treasurer F. L. Logan submitted the following report for the quarter ending July 31, 1884:

GENERAL FUND—RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand May 1	$4,592 77	
Received for licenses	1,012 49	
Received for delinquent taxes	1,391 00	$[illegible] 17

EXPENDITURES.

Warrants paid	$5,226 19	
Interest paid on bonds	300 00	$5,526 19
Balance on hand		$[illegible]

STREET IMPROVEMENT FUND—RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand May 1	$2,458 06	
Received	9,915 91	$12,373 97

EXPENDITURES.

Warrants paid	$[illegible]
Balance on hand	$[illegible]

The report was referred to the committee on expenses and accounts.

CLAIMS ORDERED PAID.

P. H. Ballinger	$ 20 00	A. A. Hogue	$317 85
A. M. Adams	3 50	J. H. Sweeney	147 50
J. McIlane	7 00	S. A. Everett	1 00
E. H. Larkey	14 00	Smith & Stuart	25 00
Frank Sutton	14 00	Hall & Stott	32 10
Thomas Deats	16 00	E. C. Beard	3 50
E. Nestor	7 50	V. Hardie	3 00
Otto Klemann	3 00		

A claim of Frank Payne for $75, and one of Smith & Stuart for $18 82, were referred to the committee on fire and water.

ORDINANCES.

The following entitled ordinances were read three times and passed under a suspension of the rules:

Providing for the time and manner of improving J street from Water to Sixteenth.

Authorizing a loan for a number of years of a [illegible] sale or [illegible]. (This authorizes the sale of bonds to the amount of $10,000 for ten years at [illegible] per cent. interest.)

MOTIONS, ETC.

By Staples, that a warrant be issued to the marshal for the collection of general taxes from Mr. and Mrs. William Dalton, E. Or. Hood, P. W. Severson and [illegible] W. [illegible]; adopted.

By Wheeler, that the recorder be directed to issue warrants for the collection of a delinquent street assessments on Seventh street, between Holladay avenue and [illegible] street; adopted.

By Kirchner, that the street lamp on the northwest corner of Fourth and L streets be removed to the corner of Third and L streets; adopted. Smith and Bruner voting no. Adjourned.

THE EAST SIDE.

THE FURY AGAIN.

The notorious Mrs. Bridget Fury reappeared on the warpath yesterday morning. Taking advantage of the temporary absence of the proprietor, Frank Levine, she, with a confederate named Mrs. Ellen Griffin, entered the St. James hotel, on the corner of Water and L streets, and took forcible possession of a trunk, which she claimed was her property, but which had been left in Mr. Levine's charge by her husband. Levine, becoming aware of the lawless proceeding, essayed to wrest the trunk from her, and a lively street scene ensued, which ended in Mrs. Fury's rooms at the rear of Mouldswell's at the railroad crossing. The contest for supremacy was determined, though an very amusing to lookers-on, and resulted finally in the two women retaining possession of the trunk, Levine retreating in good order after a severe [illegible], including and confined attempts to [illegible] and pummeling on the part of Mrs. Fury, in which a 2x4 club figured conspicuously. Levine, however, had the Fury and her friend promptly arrested for larceny from a dwelling, on warrants issued from Justice Simpson's court. They were allowed until 10 o'clock this morning to plead, and were released on their own recognizance. Mrs. Fury then had Levine arrested for assault and battery, and after a recess [illegible] her first, the trial was proceeded with. Besides complainant of her big [illegible] friend, the only witness who testified in her favor was Mrs. Miller, who testified that defendant pushed plaintiff against the fence at the rear of Mouldswell's. A number of witnesses testified in behalf of defendant, and the case being submitted the court took the matter under advisement till 10 o'clock to-day. During the trial Mrs. Fury freely volunteered her opinions of those who appeared against her, and her abuse and invectives on [illegible] were more amusing to the audience than credible to the justice in allowing them.

PERSONAL.

Gerd. Kratt, Ned Clark, Wm. Sewell and Mr. En[illegible] have gone to [illegible] on a hunting excursion, to be absent about three weeks.

Dr. [illegible] R. Daly and family, Mr. C. H. Meussdorffer, Miss Laing, Miss May Decker, Miss Clara Weller and Mr. Louis Decker have returned from Long Beach, and Mrs. [illegible] Brandes and family from Clatsop.

CHEHALIS NOTES.

CHEHALIS, W. T., Aug. 16, 1884.

Messrs. Coffman & Allen opened their bank last week and are getting a good run of business.

There are more Oregonians sold at this place by the news boys than at any other point between Portland and Tacoma.

Hon. B. W. Taylor, a prominent lawyer of Hawthorne, Kansas, arrived last Saturday night, and will locate here, thus making the number of lawyers at this little city ten.

Mr. [illegible] Lewis of Rockwood, the father of the young man who died at this place last week, arrived here Thursday, and then it was that he first learned of his son's death.

From every quarter comes the good news that crops are turning out much better than was at first expected. The rains last week delayed threshing a couple of days, but did no damage.

The next session of the grand lodge of Good Templars of Washington and British Columbia will be held at Centralia, the flourishing little town four miles north of here, in August, 1885.

The jail building has been completed and is now ready for occupancy. The contractor, F. K. [illegible], did a creditable job. It is probable that S. J. Vincent, the slayer of John Westfal, will be the first to occupy the building. He has quarters at present at the territorial penitentiary at Seatco.

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

Dunn vs. M. & P. I. Co. vs. School Dist No. 1 et al.—Opinion. Demurrer of certain defendants to bill overruled. Defendants ten days to answer.

Oregon railway company, limited, vs. O. R. & N. Co.—Defendants till September 5 to plead.

I. L. Allen vs. C. Donald—Set for Monday, August 25 on order to show cause why receiver should not be appointed.

S. Abraham et al. vs. W. U. Tel. Co.—Set for Wednesday on motion to strike out.

POLICE COURT—MORELAND, J.

John Sullivan, drunk and disorderly; forfeited bail.

William Tracey, same; fined $10.

Alick Scott, same; forfeited bail.

Robert Hayes, same; fined $10.

S. H. Schiller, same, forfeited bail.

John Lyons, same; forfeited bail.

F. M. Howard, same; fined $10.

Oscar Hall, disorderly conduct; fined $10.

John Sare, permitting and maintaining nuisance; continued to Aug 19.

Edward Scheridan, larceny from the person; dismissed.

William Dugan, same; same.

Chris Olsen, same; same.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

BURNETT'S COCOAINE

Will keep the scalp

And keep it in a strong and healthy condition, because it [illegible] the roots of the hair and restores the [illegible] which [illegible] growth depends. [illegible] Burnett's are absolutely pure.

Pond's Extract, for both men and animals. In all swellings of the joints, whether arising from disease or accident, it alleviates the agony.

Warehouse Trucks

At Vincent's wagon and carriage shop, 29-33 Salmon st.

THE VIENNA COFFEE HOUSE,

48 Washington street, leads all. Oysters in every style.

Notice of Removal.

The loan office of Uncle Myers, formerly at 151 First st., has removed to 13 Alder st., near First. On account of the prevailing hard times, large quantities of valuable goods have accumulated, consisting of solid gold, Howard stem-winding watches; also solid gold Elgin, P. S. Bartlett, Ellery, Springfield, B. W. Raymond and ladies' gold stem-winders. As money is scarce, these goods can be bought at 50 cents on the dollar, at the great Oregon money lender's, Uncle Myers, 13 Alder st., near First.

TEMPERANCE IN SCHOOLS.

In a letter concerning the recent meeting of the national teachers' association Frances E. Willard says:

"The report of the committee on temperance read as follows: 'The committee on temperance notes with profound satisfaction the practical direction now being given to the aroused temperance sentiment of this country. Especially do we rejoice in the well-directed efforts of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union to secure instruction in physiology and hygiene [illegible] effects of [illegible] [illegible] upon the human system. [illegible] have already been secured in the states of New York, Michigan, New Hampshire, Vermont, [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

"Two years ago at Saratoga Mrs. Hunt [illegible] planning how to induce [illegible] to bring the [illegible] [illegible] secured the favorable [illegible] of the [illegible] Medical association, and this year the national [illegible] Sunday school and National Educational associations have specifically and heartily endorsed the methods which each local W. C. T. U. is quietly striving to carry into execution. Let us take courage. 'The Modern Spirit' is with us—indeed, we are ourselves a part of it. The strong movement among scholars toward the universal study of natural science is of incalculable value to us.

The heavenly forces with us side,
The stars are watching at their posts.

"I was glad to see expressed by good and gifted Dr. A. D. Mayo, in the closing address, the thought so naturally coming to my own mind, that all of the political conventions in America this year will not mean so much to our people as this gathering up of the leading educators of the nation to study 'the child in the midst.'

"Too much cannot be said of President Bicknell's liberality of spirit and loyalty to the temperance cause. When before did the president of this association in emphatic terms set forth the supreme importance of the temperance question and of woman's relation to the same, putting women upon the programme and appointing a temperance committee to receive their resolutions? He is equally progressive on the question of woman's recognition as well as her work—having placed representatives of the mother sex upon all his committees."

THE FAY TEMPLETON COMPANY.

Promise of a Rare Treat in the Line of Comic Opera.

An eastern exchange has the following in regard to Miss Fay Templeton, who opens here Thursday of this week in [illegible]:

Among all the younger and more popular artists on the stage in the United States none hold a warmer place in the hearts of the people than Fay Templeton. This comic opera prima donna, who is still in her teens, has, in a few years, won an exalted and enviable position upon the lyric stage. She comes of an old theatrical family and inherits the talents of her father and mother. She first commenced acting in public at the age of four years and appeared in operettas which her father, John Templeton, wrote for her. Afterward she made a marked success in San Francisco and New York. The little lady is a great favorite in the west and south, and there is scarcely a home in the parts of the country mentioned, where the name of Fay Templeton is not a household word. She fills the largest theatres wherever she goes, and her rich voice, and sprightly and droll acting, call forth the highest opinions of the press and public. Born in a clime washed by the southern seas, she has all the grace and abandon, characteristic of the children reared under sunny skies, and possesses the same poetic temperament. She has youth and beauty linked with charming chic and vivacity; a rich contralto voice whose sweet notes touch a sympathetic refrain in the hearts of her listeners.

"The prima donnas now upon the American speaking stage, and who are justly entitled to recognition as such, may be counted upon the fingers of one hand, and among them Fay Templeton easily stands foremost. Nature has bestowed upon her all the requisite qualities of a great artiste, and by her indefatigable efforts and close application she has mounted the ladder of fame and now stands pre-eminent. Her tour throughout the west has been one grand series of successes and triumphs, and for devotion to her art and her determination to still further advance the interests of the lyric stage, she will ever hold a place and refuge in the hearts of the American people.

Mr. Harry Brown hails from the salubrious climate of California, and he made his first great hit in the role of Calchas, in "La Belle Helene." His immense success in the character of Lorenzo, in "La Mascotte" has identified his name with Audran's chef d'oeuvre throughout the country. He is inimitable in this part. He has also made a great success as Captain de Merrimac, Ben Barnacle and other leading comedy roles in opera comique.

POLITICAL DRIFT.

In a speech in Maine the other day Emory A. Storrs of Chicago said: "The democratic candidate looks summed up as a man with a No. 19½ collar, a No. 7 hat, a No. 11 boot, a bachelor married upon the European plan, with his domestic relations served à la carte."

In answer to the claim for Governor Cleveland that he is a good liver, the New York Sun very pertinently observes that the question as to him now is not of good living, but of right living.

The New York Sun vouches for the authenticity of the following dialogue: "Friend of a candidate—'Now you know all the facts, and don't you think he did all that a man ought to do in such a case?' Eminent democrat: 'No! He ought to have kept his promise and married her.'"

The New York Star (Tammany) wants to know how Pharisees can persuade themselves that they owe it to their conscience to support Cleveland, and [illegible] that an easy way out of the dilemma might be found in supporting General Butler, who is honest and whose private life has been stainless. Or they may vote for St. John.

John G. Whittier's letter, in which he announced his intention of supporting Blaine and Logan, has now been before the public for over a week. And yet, strange to say, the Evening Post has neglected to malign either by calling him Jack Whittier or insinuating that he was a stern [illegible]. The Post would seem to be losing its grip.—New York Tribune.

The Boston Herald says: "If 10 out of the Lost regiment of Massachusetts vote for Cleveland, and [illegible] that [illegible] of the most ignorant democrats go for Butler, the democratic [illegible] of the state will be greatly improved this year." But if, as one of the democratic organs in Boston which is supporting Cleveland says, 30,000 Massachusetts democrats vote for Butler, then the democratic party will be [illegible] [illegible] out of existence, which will not be a great calamity.

The Cleveland reserves has visibly drooped of late. Ever since the Evening Post began its maladroit and disgraceful defense of its presidential nominee he has been steadily losing ground. The Post entered the campaign insisting that the highest ethical standards should be applied to the candidates. But its defense is an insult to common decency, since it is based upon the proposition that respect for the seventh commandment is not to be regarded as one of the virtues that bind human society together. No wonder that such a defence is found to have a more disastrous effect upon Cleveland's candidacy.—N. Y. Tribune.

Gen. Gibson of Ohio, who is stumping the state for the republicans, says there need be no fear for Ohio this year. He says the popular impression about the causes of previous republican defeats in that state is wrong. Too much has been credited up to defections among the Germans on account of the agitation of the temperance question. Practically, Gen. Gibson says, the Germans can be relied upon this year, but he is best pleased with the fact that the wool-growers of Ohio will generally support the ticket. He says that the last time the republicans were defeated in Ohio it was owing to the solid vote of the wool growers. There are 45,000 of these men, 32,000 of whom are republicans under ordinary circumstances. They are to-day heartily in accord with the Chicago platform, and will therefore support the ticket, so that Gen. Gibson expects a majority for the republicans in October of 20,000 and 30,000 in November.

Leave your orders at Mrs. Baum's German Pickle Factory, 88 Morrison street. Wholesale and retail. Country orders supplied.

Refrigerators.

We offer the celebrated Jewett's Refrigerators at a grand reduction, being less than wholesale prices, must be sold before Sept. 1. H. ACKERMAN & CO.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway is the short line to all eastern points, and it runs the finest dining and sleeping cars in the world.

CITY NOTICES.

[illegible], First and Ash.

Prentice's Music Store.

Go to Eckhardt's for oysters.

Knight, Druggist, Morrison, near Fourth.

Cardinell's Boat House, south side of Stark.

[illegible] Music Parlors, Second and Washington.

[illegible] headquarters, No. 33 Stark street. Every thing [illegible].

Choice brands of wines, liquors and cigars at the Cosmopolitan, corner First and Alder.

In business again—M. Richards, piano [illegible], Henrichsen's new building, First and Columbia.

Take that broken sewing machine to Barbey. He repairs [illegible]. [illegible] Morrison street, near Fourth.

For a fine haircut go to John [illegible], First and Oak. All kinds [illegible] at [illegible]. Fine line of walking canes.

For Salt Rheum, Burns, Bruises, etc., use Pike's Centennial Salve. Child & Co., agents corner Morrison and Second streets.

Orders from the country, city or mail receive prompt attention at John A. Child & Co.'s drug store, corner Morrison and Second streets.

"Snowflake" gives the complexion the delicate [illegible] of youth, and the natural appearance [illegible] renders it impossible to detect its use. Fifty cents a bottle. J. A. Child & Co., drug'ts.

HANDSOME SEWING MACHINE STORE, 187 Third street, Portland, Or.—General agent for the two favorites, the White and Household; dealer in all standard sewing machines, oil, needles, attachments and genuine parts. Machines repaired and warranted.

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,

140 First St., Portland, Or.

IMPORTERS, MANUFACTURERS, WHOLESALE and retail dealers in Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Spectacles, etc. Watch repairing and Jewelry of all kinds manufactured to order. Orders from the country promptly attended to. Goods expressed on approbation.

CLOSING OUT SALE.

The Entire Stock of

CHINESE & JAPANESE FANCY GOODS,

Chinaware and Silk Goods, manufactured Ladies' Underwear, Gents' Shirts, [illegible] and American Fancy Goods, [illegible]

Are now Offered [illegible]

As they must positively be all [illegible] I pay you to call and see for yourselves.

QUAN [illegible]

21 Second st., [illegible]

SLAB WOOD,

ORDER YOUR SLAB WOOD [illegible] from the North Pacific Lumber and Manufacturing Co's office, Second st., bet. F and [illegible]

There is nothing [illegible] under the [illegible] Celery, Beef and Iron.

THE MODOC WAR.

Incidents of the Assassination of General Canby and Dr. Thomas.

CAPTAIN JACK'S VILE TREACHERY.

An Eloquent Personal Tribute to the Bravery of General Canby—How Meacham was Hurt and Dr. Thomas Murdered.

Dr. T. T. Cabaniss in the Astorian.

My last communication was an account of a visit to the camp of the Modoc chief on the 10th day of April, 1873, the one preceding the assassination of General Canby and Dr. Thomas. The account which I now write of that affair is [illegible] to mention a circumstance which, if fate [illegible] had not ruled the day, would have led [illegible] safety of the general and Dr. Thomas, [illegible] of Mr. Meacham. The latter does not [illegible] in his book, though his recital of [illegible] [illegible] is as graphic and thrilling [illegible].

[illegible] and incidents connected with the engagements and scouts, after the commissioners were killed, and which make history interesting have never been written mainly on my part for the reason that I was a participant, and could not relate them without being considered egotistical, and therefore distasteful. Had had the same influence operated with other men who have lived on the frontiers and participated in the eventful scenes peculiar to them, much of the history of early life in new countries would have been lost to us.

The day will come when the scenes enacted in California and Oregon will be read with as much interest as those which occurred in King Philip's war in New England, the capture of Captain John Smith and his rescue by Pocahontas, or Daniel Boone's scrimmages with Indians, immortalized by a large painting now in the capitol at Washington, and many others familiar to the reader of history of this country.

It was the fortune of the writer to enjoy the most friendly relations with the officers of the army in the Modoc campaign, and among them the lamented General Canby. All who knew the general had a high regard for him personally, and few there were who would not have risked their lives for him. He had asked the writer, a few days before he was killed, if he (the writer) would act as a medium of communication between him and the Indians, should he desire it. He was assured that such would be the case. Before he left camp he told General Gillem that if anything happened to confirm him in his suspicions of the treacherous designs of the Modocs, he must send me to notify him. On the 11th of April, the officer who was stationed on the hill above camp, with several others, watched the tent at which the meeting was to be held with much interest, because all of us felt uneasy, and anticipated that which followed. It should be mentioned here that what passed between the Indians and commissioners was only known to a few.

General Canby and Dr. Thomas led the party on foot, and Dyar and Meacham followed on horseback, though the nature of the ground was such that one could make better time on foot over the rocks than on a horse. The distance from General Canby's tent to the council tent was about 900 yards and the latter was hidden from us (except the signal officer) by a fall-off in the lava bed. The general was about fifty yards from the place where it stood (at the end of our camp next to the Indians), and Dr. Thomas behind. I shall never forget those two men as they looked that day, marching into the jaws of death—Canby with his tall figure, dressed in a new military coat, and Thomas in a suit of Scotch gray.

At this moment Meacham turned his horse from the trail and rode up to me. Said he: "Dr. Cabaniss, do you think that there is danger under the arrangement which we have made?" "What is the arrangement?" I asked. "There are to be five unarmed Indians and five of us." "Under that arrangement," I replied, "there is no danger; but Meacham, if you are suspicious of these Indians, remain here and let me go and see them." He turned in his saddle; and seeing that General Canby and Dr. Thomas had gotten some distance in advance, without replying, followed them.

Subsequent events proved that the Modocs intended to kill Colonel Mason as well as General Gillem and others.

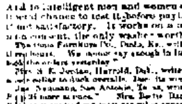
After the commissioners had been with them some time, and at the moment that Canby was making them laugh whilst smoking cigars, an Indian came in sight of Mason's camp a mile and a half from Jack's headquarters, and more than two and a half from the council tent, and waved a white flag. General Canby had told them to do this if they wanted to see the whites. Lieutenant Sherwood was officer of the day, and went to meet this Indian, accompanied by Lieutenant Boyle. When within a few yards of this man Sherwood asked him what he wanted. "Nothing!" was the answer. As the officer turned, several Indians rose from the rocks and commenced firing at him and Boyle. The first shot was through his thigh, breaking the bone, from which wound he died several days afterwards. Boyle escaped. Sherwood took shelter behind a rock, and the man who was on picket a several hundred yards away, opened fire on the Indians and kept them from advancing on Sherwood. The troops turned out and the Modocs retreated to their camps.

Almost immediately after this occurrence, Lieutenant Moore, the signal officer for Mason's camp, telegraphed to General Gillem: "The Indians have fired on this camp, killing Sherwood and Boyle!"

Upon receipt of this message, General Gillem sent his adjutant, Lieutenant Rockwell, for me, and desired my presence. Upon reaching his tent Gillem said, "Dr. Cabaniss, will you take a message to General Canby?" "Yes, sir." "I have selected you out of this entire command, but I do not want you to go under any misapprehension." I answered that I would go to the rescue of General Canby if he was in danger from the Modocs. "I will write the message," said he, "or otherwise you carry a verbal message." "Boyle will tell the other Indians." As he handed me the message, telling of the death of Sherwood, the officer at the signal station called out, "They are firing at the council tent!" The men formed our immediately, and some of them under Sergeant [illegible] Wo[illegible]en, an excellent [illegible] soldier, of B company [illegible] started without awaiting the orders of the officers.

Meacham has told what follows, and I will merely correct a few mistakes which he makes. Dr. Thomas was shot with a pistol near the right nipple by "Boston," and then through the front part of the body with a ball from a rifle. Gen. Canby had a wound from a pistol ball under the left eye, and one from a pistol ball in the side of the head, above the left ear, without passing through, and a stab with a narrow-bladed knife under the right ear. Canby was thirty-five yards from the spot where he sat when shot and Thomas was about eighty yards in another direction.

Had I gone to these Indians first, I wouldn't have counted eight instead of five, and I would have seen that they were armed, as Dyar did when he got to the ground. I would have made Jack believe that Canby was delayed in camp and then walked away. This could have been done with perfect safety, as they were after larger game and knew that to shoot me would defeat their plans, and General Canby and Dr. Thomas would be living today. Had I reached the general before the firing commenced, the whole plan of the Indians would have been changed and, being armed, standing by Dyar's horse, would have killed Jack and possibly have saved the general's life. What my fate would have been of course is not known, but I believe that one cool and courageous white man, under such circumstances, can whip that number of Indians, especially when he had Meacham, Dyar and others to divert their attention. At least, the risk run would justify one in the hope of saving such a man as General Canby.



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MISSOURI STEAM Washer

And to intelligent men and women of good character will afford a [illegible] chance to test it before paying, and return at my expense if not satisfactory. It works on a new principle, and is, by common consent, the only washer worthy the name. [illegible]

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GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

EPPS'S COCOA.

BREAKFAST.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—Civil Service Gazette.

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JAMES EPPS & CO., Homoeopathic Chemists, London, England.

Depot in San Francisco, Richards & Harrison, [illegible]

FULL SET of TEETH $10, Best $15.

Hurd's Vitalized air and Nitrous Oxid gas for painless extraction of teeth. Filling at eastern prices. PROBS BROS., grads of Phila. [illegible] Dental College, Room 31 Union block, Stark [illegible]

Drink Philip Best Beer, at the Boss, 45 Second street.

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BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., [illegible] San Francisco.

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PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

THE BEST TONIC.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache or produce constipation—other Iron medicines do.

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

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IT IS A SPECIFIC FOR Kidney & Liver Troubles, Bladder, Urinary and Liver Diseases, Dropsy, Gravel and Diabetes.

IT IS RELIABLE in curing Bright's Disease, Pains in the Back, Loins or Sides, Retention or Non-Retention of Urine.

HIGHLY RECOMMENDED.

It cures Biliousness, Headache, Jaundice, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles.

IT WORKS PROMPTLY

and cures Intemperance, Nervous Diseases, General Debility, Excesses and Female Weakness.

USE IT AT ONCE.

It restores the KIDNEYS, LIVER and BOWELS, to a healthy action and CURES when all other medicines fail. Hundreds have been saved who have been given up to die by friends and physicians.

Price $1.25. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet to HUNT'S REMEDY CO., Providence, R. I.

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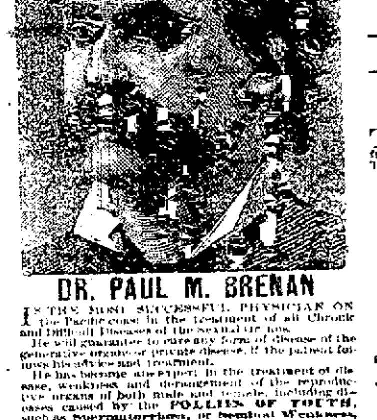
WILL CERTAINLY CURE

Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, and every Affection of the Throat, Lungs and Chest, including Consumption. Sold by all Druggists.

CAUTION.—Beware of preparations bearing similar names. Examine the bottle carefully before purchasing, and be sure you get DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, having the signature of "I. BUTTS" on the wrapper.



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IS THE MOST SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIAN ON the Pacific coast in the treatment of all Chronic and Difficult Diseases of the Sexual Organs. He will guarantee to cure any form of disease of the generative organs or private disease, if the patient follows his advice and treatment.

He has become an expert in the treatment of disease, weakness and derangement of the reproductive organs of both male and female, including diseases caused by the FOLLIES OF YOUTH, such as Spermatorrhea, or Seminal Weakness, or Loss of Perfect Vitality. Nearly two-thirds of all the chronic diseases spring either directly or indirectly from some derangement of the sexual system, and yet this subject is neglected by a majority of the Medical Profession.

Persons afflicted by any form of sexual disease or weakness often delay in calling upon the proper physician. In dimes from a sense of modesty and sometimes from ignorance, and permit these diseases to exist until their constitution becomes corrupted, their organization broken down, and the hope of future happiness blighted, until death becomes a welcome messenger to carry them out of their miserable existence. Everything strictly confidential and all circumstances lost manhood perfectly restored.

Catarrh, Bronchitis, Throat Diseases, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint and all diseases of the Eye and Ear, Stomach and Bladder, he can cure without fail, if they are curable, and if not, he will tell you so.

Consultation Free, and a list of printed questions sent to those living at a distance who cannot consult him personally. Enclose postage stamp for list.

Office—Nos. 132 and 134 Third street, corner of Alder, opposite Masonic Hall.

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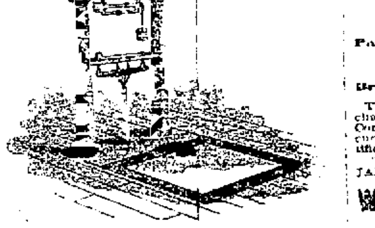

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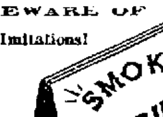

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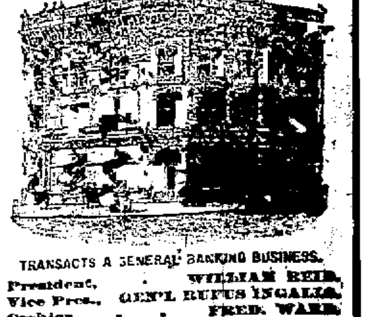

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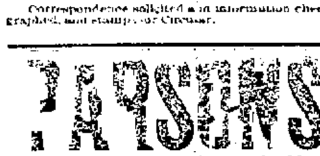

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The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 19, 1884.

POPPIES.

When life to its evening declines
  Bright spring fills the heart with gloom.
And in mocking, it seems, she twines
  Her garland of fragrant bloom.
Of all her flowery wealth,
That love has opened by stealth,
  Fresh blossoms that dazzle the sight.
Alas! no need to pluck more
Than a few leaves to scatter o'er
  A coffin's pillowed night.

Pluck me the poppy that grows
  Wild in the cornfield's shade!
'Tis said that its juice will close
  Eyes by life's sorrow o'erweighed.
I've walked too long—my soul doth tire
Of dreams that ever in dreams expire.
  Far from me, spring, with thy radiant dower
Of lilies and roses gay!—
Close shut eyes—what need have they
  Of aught but sleep's sentinel flower?

THE CHILD VOCALIST.

Malcolm Douglas in The Continent.

"He's a splendid card," exclaimed the manager, enthusiastically.

"Is he, indeed?" said Vance Raymond, rather abstractedly, as he gazed at the packed auditorium.

They were standing in the lobby of the Varieties. Raymond had dropped in for a few minutes while making his nightly round of the theaters. The manager, eager for a good notice in the daily upon which his companion served as a dramatic critic, was almost offensively agreeable.

"The hit of the show!" he emphatically affirmed. "You'll wait for him, won't you? He comes on next."

"I don't know whether I can spare the time," said Raymond, smoothing out the play-bill that had been crumpled up in his hand. And, in type which stood out bolder than the rest, he read:

LITTLE DOT!

"The phenomenal child artist, in his wonderful character changes"—followed by more terms of a laudatory character, similarly extravagant.

Raymond carelessly cast his programme aside and watched the two upon the stage. They were going through what figured on the bills as an "acrobatic song and and dance." Presently they executed a remarkable somersault that brought forth a cloud of dust and made their exit, followed by the deafening applause of the gallery. In response, they came out and bowed, and the stamping of feet and clapping of hands gradually ceased.

The quiet that fell upon the house was broken by the tinkle of the prompter's bell. The eyes of the audience expectantly sought the wings. The musicians raised their instruments and began to play one of the popular airs in vogue.

"Watch him," whispered the manager. "A born actor and no mistake."

As he spoke, a little figure, clad in a black velvet suit with delicately striped pink stockings, appeared on the stage. A crimson handkerchief protruded slightly from his pocket and an eye glass dangled at his side. In his hand he held a light cane, which he twirled foppishly at intervals.

Such a pinched, wan face he turned toward the audience, as he began his song in the yellow glare of the footlights! A fever flush was on his cheeks and his eyes sparkled with unearthly brilliancy. Raymond felt his heart grow soft with pity as he listened to the rare, sweet voice that to his experienced ear already showed signs of breaking.

"Poor little chap," he murmured; "he's scarcely 7, I should judge." And somehow a tender thought of his two little chicks, dreaming perhaps of their childish heroes at the time came to him. He watched Little Dot through the mist that had gathered in his eyes.

The song soon came to an end, and the child disappeared, followed by the enthusiastic approval of the audience. The manager joined in the applause and turned to Raymond, his face beaming with pleasure.

"Eh? eh?" he said delightedly. "Don't he bring down the house? An infant prodigy, and all that, you know. 'Pon my word, its worth the price of admission to see him alone."

"Rather a fit subject for the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, I should say," remarked Raymond, drily. "For my part I hate your infant prodigies. They all ought to be in their beds at this hour enjoying the sleep of healthful children."

The manager eyed him sharply.

"Stuff and nonsense!" he grunted. Then in a more cheerful tone: "Just watch him this next turn. His drunken man is something wonderful. I'm capable of criticising that, you know." And he hushed the chuckle on his lips as Little Dot—a complete metamorphosis—staggered in with a high silk hat crushed over his eyes and a white handkerchief hanging from his coat-tail pocket.

The drunken hiccough and thick utterance with which he rendered the song fairly convulsed the audience. When he was through, he was greeted with a terrific storm of applause.

"True to life, wasn't it?" laughed the manager. "Well, it ought to be. He's had plenty of chances to get points, goodness knows. His father's Whitely of the 'Stars,' who are playing at the Globe this week. Good actor, but boozes too much. That is why he and his wife separated. It's lucky she's got the boy. He's worth a cool $75 to her every week."

Raymond listened with eyes intent upon the stage. Little Dot was responding to his second encore. When he finished he was vociferously re-demanded. Again he came out and delivered a pathetic little recitation that evoked fresh applause. Raymond grew indignant.

"What a shame!" he muttered angrily. "They'd keep the poor little fellow before them the whole night if they could!"

At that moment Little Dot appeared from the wings and raised his hand to his lips. The pink glow on his cheeks had died out, and in its place was a look of weariness. The audience must have noticed it, for the house grew still and the performance proceeded with the next act.

Raymond buttoned up his overcoat and left the theatre. It was a bitter night, and the streets were well nigh deserted. The snow lay deep upon the ground, and a raw, bleak wind blew the still-falling flakes remorselessly into his face. In spite of all his efforts he could not dismiss the peaked, wan face from his thoughts. A picture rose before him of Little Dot, trudging his way back to the hotel in all the snow at an hour when other children were cosily tucked away in bed, and his heart was filled with pity at the contrast.

"Poor little chap?" he said again, with a sigh. "I'll give him a good notice."

The next night found him at the Varieties behind the scenes. At his request he was taken by the manager to the dressing room that Little Dot occupied and introduced to him. The child was with his mother, waiting to "go on."

"It's the gentleman who was kind enough to write the notice about you," she said to him. "You must thank him for it."

"Oh, it was you, was it?" he said, turning his big blue eyes up at Raymond. "You're an editor, ain't you?"

The awe with which he asked this question brought a smile to Raymond's face.

"Not exactly," he replied. "I write for the newspapers."

"Do you?" said the child, eagerly. "How clever you must be! And it was you who wrote that about me. Thank you ever so much. You are very, very good."

He placed his hand to his forehead and held it there a moment. Raymond noticed it and looked grave.

"Are you quite well?" he asked kindly.

"Quite well," the child faltered. "Only—only I'm a little tired and—my head aches. Hurry, mamma," as the call-boy appeared at the door; and, turning to Raymond, he held out his little hand. "Good-bye," he said. "It's time for me to go on."

Little Dot hastened with his mother through the dark and gloomy passage leading to the stage, and stood at a wing waiting for his cue. His mother stationed herself near by to assist him in making his changes.

Raymond and the manager sought the front of the house.

"That youngster is going to be sick," said the journalist, with conviction, when they started. "He looked half ill now. It's too bad that such a weak, delicate child should have to go out nights in such bitter weather."

"Eh, what was that? Sick did you say?" cried the manager with alarm. "I hope not—I hope not. It might affect business, you know, if he didn't appear. He is the strongest card on the bill this week."

Raymond curled his lip slightly at the other's heartlessness. Somehow Little Dot interested him strangely. It might have been that he regarded the tiny favorite of the footlights with a yearning tenderness for the sake of his own children.

The next night he returned to the Varieties to find the fears he entertained realized. The manager met him with a note in his hand.

"Read it," he said, with a scowl on his face. Thus adjured, Raymond took it and glanced hurriedly at the contents. It was to the effect that Little Dot was dangerously low with the scarlet fever, and, as a consequence, could not perform the rest of the week.

The words he read brought up a vivid recollection of the two babes who had lain in the terrible grasp of the scarlet fiend until only the great mother-love had won them back to life. A lump took possession of his throat.

"Poor Little Dot," he murmured.

"I wouldn't have had it happen for $100," grumbled the manager. "It places me in a hole of a fix. It's almost impossible to get any one on in his place at such a short notice."

"You're in hard lines," said Raymond coldly. Something impelled him before he went to the newspaper office that night to seek the second-class hotel where the child and his mother were stopping. Passing a florist's on his way, he purchased a bunch of the creamy, full-blown roses that were temptingly displayed in the window. These he sent up to the sick room with his card and a request to know how the little fellow was.

Presently the answer came—no better. Would he go up? Mrs. Whitely would like to see him.

Raymond followed the boy upstairs and softly entered the darkened room. The mother, with the marks of weariness about her eyes, came from the window where she had been standing and led the way to the bed.

"He was taken ill last night on his way back from the theater," she whispered, in a coarse, strained tone. "I thought it was nothing but a cold and—and did not call in a doctor. But he grew so much worse in the night that I had to send for one, and he says it's scarlet fever in its most malignant form. He has been delirious nearly all the time. The doctor did not tell me so, and yet—I'm sure he'll never get well again." She gave a bitter sob, but her eyes were dry—her tears had been exhausted long ago. "Oh, why doesn't he come, why doesn't he come?"

She resumed her place by the window, looking vacantly out at the wild, black night. Raymond remained by the bedside and gazed compassionately down upon the small face marked with livid spots. Near him stood a stand upon which his fragrant offering and several phials of medicine were placed.

Suddenly the little sufferer opened his eyes with a faint moan. For a moment they rested upon Raymond and then wearily closed again.

"Dad!" the parched lips formed.

His mother approached the bed noiselessly and bent anxiously over him.

"Yes, Dot," she said, soothingly, "he will soon be here—soon be here. You won't have long to wait now, darling;" and looking up at Raymond, she continued, in a choking voice, "he wants to see his father. I have sent for him, but—but I don't know whether he will come. He drank and—and we parted. God forgive me, I have been to blame, too. Oh, do you think he will come?"

Raymond looked at his watch. The time lacked a few minutes of 11.

"Yes, I am sure he will," he said pityingly. "He is at the Globe, I think. The performance is scarcely over. No matter how heavy an actor's grief, may be, he is obliged to disguise it sometimes and play his part. Yes, he will come without doubt."

Slowly the minutes dragged by. Finally a faint knock was heard at the door. She went and softly opened it. A man entered on tiptoe.

"Thank heaven, you are here at last!" she said.

"I could not come before," he uttered hoarsely. "How is he—better?"

She mournfully shook her head. He went and looked down at his child. His haggard face told of the violent grief that was raging in his breast.

Raymond turned to go. He deemed the scene too sacred for his presence. But the mother grasped him by the arm, giving him a wild, imploring look.

"Stay," she said. "He liked you."

While the father stood there the child opened his eyes and recognized him.

"Dad!" he cried, stretching forth his little, hot hand affectionately.

His father caught it and held it in his cool palm.

"Yes, my boy," he said, his strong voice trembling.

"Give me a drink, dad," he whispered, with difficulty. "Oh, dad," with a pathetic moan, "I'm all burning up!"

His father moistened his lips with water.

"There, Dot," he said, with forced cheerfulness. "You feel better now, don't you? And you're going to get well soon. Such good times we'll have together when you do! We'll—"

The child interrupted him with a faint shake of his head.

"No, dad," he said, fixing his big eyes solemnly upon him, "I won't get well; and I want you to promise me—promise me—"

"Yes, Dot," he said, with a groan.

"That you won't get—get—that way!"

He looked steadily up. His father bowed his head, too full of anguish to speak.

"That's a good dad," said the child, fondly. "I knew you would. You couldn't help it, could you, dad?"

Every word was a stab at the man's heart. He turned to Raymond. "For God's sake get a doctor," he said, brokenly. "He's dying."

"No, no," interposed the child, hastily. "It's too late—too late. Where's mamma? I can't see. I want her hand."

His mother came and held out her trembling hand to him. His father gently endeavored to draw his away.

"No, no!" said Dot, the words coming in gasps. "I want both—both."

He strove with his remaining strength to join them together. They saw what he wished to do, and clasped hands.

A peaceful smile lit up his wan face. He said no more, and yet they understood.

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F Supremant, do	H E Waite, Pasadero, Cal
R O Stone, do	N Wilson, Astoria,
H Miller, do	F Ferrell, do
C T Thomas, do	John Davis, do
A Davis, do	

ESMOND.

James Charlton, Chicago	E A Clark & wf, Olympia
Miss Charlton, do	E Y Lansing, Vancouver
I B Fisher, N Westminster	S P Laird, Coeur d'Alene
W B Hood, Dallas	F J Parker, Walla Walla
Geo Fuller, Tacoma	J E Ford, Seattle
D Longert, do	Miss K DaMert, Pendleton
W S Ladd, Lancaster	Mrs J Wootton, do
W P Ladd, do	R A McCoy, S F
J McNeil & wf, Richmond	C W Thompson, Dakota
N Goodman, Gervais	R A Lindsay, S F
S Matlorne, Dallas	Mrs Jones & son, Jacksonv
A S Cohen, S F	Rev Dr Mecasler, St Paul
Mrs K Swartz, N Y	Mrs J Holman, Salem
D Hard, Astoria	S Hafferner, Dalles
E Lyon, Walla Walla	N W Bland [illegible], Yoncalla
A B Cox, Knappa	J Slater, Vancouver

THE MERCHANT.

C S Olerg & wf, Yakima	Andrew Frieson, Helena
Miss Emma Clark, do	G W Edwards, Oakland
Mrs M A Edwards, Oakland	A W Strane, Woodburn
Victor Rendolph, Olympia	S N McFarland, Spragues
J Stuart & sir, Canyonville	Christianson & wf, Astoria
Thom Furgeson, do	O Lindwolf, Astoria
D A Failey, do	F L Parker, do
V Cook, Clifton	O W Longbery, do
G Noland, Astoria	H Emerett, do
L A Dalson, do	J V Hepburn, do
A W Logan, do	L Livinge, do
W Warren, do	R F Pratt, do
F W Pratt, do	H Higgins, do
J C Lowell, do	T B Hare, do
E I Hallock, do	O Rhose, do
G Clinton, do	J W Haver & wf, do
Mrs Johnston, Hillsboro	W W Cox, Council Bluffs
Geo Darrance, N Y	Z Hilber, Fillmore

THE OCCIDENTAL.

F E Dodge, Yaquina	P White, Victoria
E H Holland, Victoria	L Trialowsky, S F
E Johnson, Helena	J Hill, W T
J T Woolley, Cape Horn	H Howe, Beaverton
E O Norton, Salem	W W Piper, O City
T Cooper, St Helens	W H Constance, Astoria
O V Tompkins, H Plains	J Mason, Vancouver
T Roberts, Skamokawa	F Dillz, Vancouver
F G Eastham, Salem	J Carlton, [illegible]
F Michael, C Hex	J Short, Vancouver
O Bushell, Ft Canby	A Moyer, S F
F Jones, S F	S Moore, do
W Harris, do	J O'Rourke, O City
J A Graham, Helena	R F Murphy, Helena
Y Pierce, Hotgate	F Peacock, Vancouver
Mrs E Norton, St Helens	A McLean, Vancouver
J B Gordon, Dalles	Mrs D Stead, Astoria
J R Neal, Jones Hills	F Carney, Astoria
A Boon, Astoria	J Gare, do
M Sochets, do	F Lang, Clifton
J Anderson, E Portland	E [illegible], Gervais
S Lord, Eagle Cliff	A E Hulse, Eagle Cliff
[illegible]	W H [illegible]
F Reynolds, Lewis River	J [illegible]
C Tollefson, Norway	E Kelly & wf, Vancouver
F Murray, Vancouver	Mrs C Pare, Astoria
A Thompson, S F	J H Emery, Astoria
T Sa Joy, Mt Nimno	J J Jackson, Fishers Ldg
Mrs J Hume, Reedville.	

ST. CHARLES.

F A Norris, Astoria	J J Doree, Dalles
D [illegible], do	H Marsh, Forest Grove
[illegible]	W J Fowler, Warm Springs
J B D Evans, do	G W Butler, Hillsboro
[illegible]	O Seeley, Dallas
W O [illegible]	C M [illegible], Winlock
[illegible]	Mrs Shoemaker, Vancouver
[illegible]	C H Hess, do
[illegible]	J M [illegible], Union Ridge
[illegible]	F C Hannwood, Chatepong
C N [illegible]	E B Watson, St Helens
C M Pendergast, Milton	B F Brock, Oak Point
W A Meeker, St Helens	J J [illegible], Amity
A Brandt, Rainier	W E Payne, Gold Hill, Or
E Dimmick, Gervais	J R James, Dallas
J D Kelley, McCoy	P Glenn, do
W E Pryor, Stayton	C W Prescott, Illinois
J Thompson, Junction	Miss M O Farrell, Dalles
Mrs Lewis, Forest Grove	H Lawson, Oak Point
J C Drain, Drain	A B Manley, Oregon City
E L Campbell, Eugene	

THE MORTGAGE TAX LAW AGAIN.

U. S. Circuit Court, District of Oregon.

Monday, August 18, 1884.

The Dundee Mortgage Trust Investment Co. v. School District No. 1, et als.—No. —. Suit for an injunction to restrain the collection of a tax.

(1.) UNIFORMITY OF ASSESSMENT AND TAXATION—SPECIAL LAW ON SUCH SUBJECT. An act which provides for the taxation of mortgages on land in no more than one county, there being mortgages on land in more than one county, is void for want of the uniformity required by § 1 of article IX. of the constitution of this state; and because it is contrary to § 23 of article IV. of said constitution, which forbids special legislation on that subject.

(2.) TAXATION OF MORTGAGES. The act of 1882 (Sess. L., 64) is the first and only act providing for the taxation of mortgages as things or property; and prior to that time a solvent debt, whether secured by mortgage or not, was taxable as personal property.

(3.) UNCONSTITUTIONAL PROVISION IN ACT. When an act contains an unconstitutional provision which renders it void, and the act can stand and be executed without it, according to the general purpose of the legislature, such clause may be stricken out by the court and the act considered as if it had never been inserted, but not otherwise.

(4.) TAX—ILLEGAL FOR WANT OF UNIFORMITY. A tax may be illegal for want of uniformity, that is the necessary consequence of the law providing for it, or the misconduct of those charged with its administration; but so long as such uniformity is not the direct result of the law, it cannot be held invalid on account of it, and the remedy, if any, must be confined to the illegal proceeding under it.

(5.) ACT—WHEN SPECIAL. A "special" act affects a part only of the subject to which it relates; and whether an act is considered "public" or "private," is not relevant to the question of whether it is "special" or "general."

DEADY, J.

This suit is brought to restrain sundry tax collectors in this state from enforcing the collection of a tax levied upon sundry mortgages belonging to the plaintiff, under the act of October 26, 1882, commonly called "The mortgage tax law," by the sale of the same.

The cause was before this court on an application for a provisional injunction against three of the defendants, then served with a rule to show cause, or appearing thereto, why the same should not be allowed. 19 Fed. Rep., 359; 2 W. C. Rep., 241.

The application was heard, as upon a demurrer to the bill, and upon the affidavit of the defendant, Sears. On March 6, 1884, the injunction was allowed upon the ground that the act aforesaid, under which the plaintiff's mortgages were assessed, was void for want of the uniformity required by § 1 of article IX. of the constitution, and because it was passed contrary to § 23 of article IV. of the constitution, which forbids the passage of a "special" act "for the assessment and collection of taxes."

Since then, the defendants, Sol. King, George Humphrey, J. R. Campbell, H. Holman and R. Forward have appeared by their counsel, and on May 3 filed a joint demurrer to the bill; and now, by the stipulation of counsel, the issue made by said demurrer is submitted to the court for determination without further argument for the plaintiff and for the defendants upon the brief for the respondents in the case of Crawford v. Linn county et al., at the March term of the supreme court of the state.

The grounds of the demurrer are these: (1) This court has no jurisdiction of the subject of the suit, in that it does not appear that the corporation or stockholders of the plaintiff are citizens or subjects of Great Britain. (2) There is no question arising under the constitution or laws of the United States presented herein. (3) The act of the legislative assembly, referred to in the plaintiff's bill of complaint is not in conflict with the constitution of the state of Oregon.

As to the first objection the brief is silent. But upon examination of the bill I find that it is not alleged therein, in so many words, that either the plaintiff or its stockholders are citizens or subjects of Great Britain, but only that the former is "resident" of the burg of Dundee in Scotland. But it is also alleged that the plaintiff is a "foreign corporation duly incorporated under the laws of Great Britain;" and this, in legal effect, is the same as saying that it is a subject of Great Britain.

For the purpose of jurisdiction in the national courts, the members or stockholders of a corporation are conclusively presumed to be citizens of the state under whose laws it is created or formed, and in which it has its corporate existence; and a suit by or against such corporation is therefore presumed to be a suit by or against citizens of the state which created it. O. & M. Ry. Co. v. Wheeler, 1 Black, 295, and cases there cited; Cowles v. Mercer County, 7 Wall., 121; Railway Co. v. Whitton 13 Wall., 283.

And this rule is upon principle, as applicable to corporations formed under the laws of a foreign country as under the laws of any of the states of the Union, which are, so far, foreign to one another. A corporation formed under the laws of Great Britain is necessarily resident therein, and its members presumed to be subjects thereof.

The second objection, assuming it to be true in statement, as it is not, is altogether immaterial. The jurisdiction of this court over this controversy is fully authorized by the character of the citizenship of the parties without reference to the subject matter. The suit being between an alien on the one hand, and citizens of a state of this union on the other, the court has jurisdiction of the controversy, let the questions involved therein be what they may. Art. III, § 2, U. S. Con., Act of 1875, § 1. (18 Stat., 470.)

In Cummings v. National Bank (101 U. S., 153) the supreme court took jurisdiction of a suit between a national bank and a county treasurer to restrain the latter from collecting a tax from the former, under the laws of Ohio, on the ground that the bank being organized under an act of congress, had a right to sue in the national courts, and did restrain the collection of the tax on the ground that it was imposed in violation of the rule of uniformity prescribed by the constitution of the state, in that, the stock of the bank was assessed at its full cash value, while the real and other property of the county was deliberately assessed at a much less value.

But there are two questions made in the case that arise under the constitution of the United States, either of which is sufficient, so far, to give this court jurisdiction of the suit, without reference to the citizenship of the parties. And these are: (1) does the act of 1882 impair the obligation of the contract between the plaintiff and its debtors, contrary to § 10 of article I. of the constitution of the United States? and (2) said act being unconstitutional and void for want of uniformity, and because the same is special, does not the enforcement of it by the sale of the plaintiff's debts and mortgages, so far deprive it of its property without due process of law, contrary to the fourteenth amendment? The first of these questions was answered on the application for the injunction, in the negative, and the second in the affirmative.

The third objection involves the question of the validity of the act of 1882.

The principal point made in the brief under this head, that requires attention, is this: Admitting that the act of 1882, taken by itself, does not provide "for a uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation" of all mortgages, as required by the constitution (Art. IX, § 1), yet, when considered in connection with the existing law on that subject and as a part of it, it is not open to that objection.

The argument in support of this proposition is substantially this: By the law of 1854, in force, when the act of 1882 went into effect, all "personal property," including "all debts due or to become due from solvent debtors, whether on account, contract, note, mortgage or otherwise," was "subject to taxation in the manner provided by law."

Or. laws 749, §§ 1 and 3; Id., 752, § 17; Sess. laws, 1876, 69. And as the law of 1882 did not include debts secured by two county mortgages, they continued taxable notwithstanding, under the old law, at "their true value in cash," as the personal property of the owner in the county where he resides, and therefore, there is no want of uniformity in the result.

This point was not made on the hearing of the application for the injunction. The argument in support of it is plausible; but upon careful consideration I don't think it is sound.

The uniformity and equality which the constitution enjoins on the legislator, the duty of providing for, is a "uniform and equal rate of assessment and taxation" of all personal property not exempt therefrom. And this requires that all property liable to taxation within the state, county, town or other taxing district, shall be taxed equally—that is, shall be assessed or valued for taxation by the same rule and method and pay the same rate on such valuation.

As was said by the Supreme court in Mumford vs. Sewell, 11 Or. (DAILY OREGONIAN, May 25, 1884), the act of 1882 was the first legislation providing for the taxation of mortgages in this state; and it is confined by its terms to mortgages on land in only one county. It being admitted that there are mortgages on land in more than one county in the state, the law lacks uniformity. And it is not only wanting in uniformity, [illegible] does not even pretend to [illegible] the contrary, [illegible] all mortgages [illegible] their inclusion [illegible] so irrelevant and adventitious, that it can never be the basis of any just or reasonable classification for the purpose of taxation.

Neither is it true, as assumed by the argument for the present defendants, that mortgages are taxed under the old law. That law only applies to solvent "debts," whether on account, contract, note, mortgage or otherwise." I know there is a dictum in Poppleton vs. Yamhill, 8 Or., 42, to the effect that "notes and mortgages should be regarded as personal property and subject to assessment for taxes." But the question before the court was simply whether or not the county authorities had acted legally in listing certain "debts" due the plaintiff on note and mortgage for taxation. There was no attempt to assess a note or mortgage specifically, as a thing or property, but only the debt or chose in action evidenced thereby; and the phrase, "notes and mortgages," is evidently used by the court to signify the debts which they represent, and which alone the statute made taxable. I think it is common knowledge that the act of 1854 was never understood to include either notes or mortgages as taxable property, but only the solvent debts evidenced by them, and that no mortgage was ever listed, as such, for taxation in this state prior to the act of 1882. So that, taking the law as it stands, and giving effect to the old law so far as it is not displaced by the new one, the statute does not provide for the taxation of all mortgages in the state for state purposes, or in any county thereof for county purposes, but only for such as may chance to be on land in no more than one county. But while it is not distinctly asserted in this argument, it is silently assumed by it, that the taxation of a debt under the old law, that happens to be secured by a mortgage is equivalent to the taxation of said mortgage under the act of 1882. But if this is so, what occasion was there for the passage of the act? None whatever.

But admitting that the old law in taxing a debt "due on a mortgage" imposes the same burden on the creditor that it would if it had taxed the mortgage, and that the difference between taxing a debt "due on a mortgage" and taxing the latter for the value of the former is a merely nominal one, still the marked differences in the mode of the assessment, if not the rule of valuation, between the two laws, make it very doubtful whether a mortgage assessed under the one is uniformly and equally taxed with one assessed under the other.

A debt or mortgage assessed under the old law is valued by the assessor of the county where the creditor lives. He is selected by the local influence of which the creditor is a part, and subject to all the friendly and favoring impulses and influences which naturally arise out of near neighborship, common interest and mutual dependency. And if the creditor is dissatisfied with the action of the assessor, he may appeal to a local board of equalization, easy of access and subject to the same impulses and influences. And he can pay his taxes in the county where he lives and have the benefit in his business or property of their expenditure in his vicinity.

But in the case of a mortgage assessed for taxation under the new law, all this is liable to be reversed. The mortgage is valued by the assessor of the county where the debtor lives, and the taxes must be paid there. In a word, all the local influences and prejudices which are so liable to affect the assessment of the mortgage and the collection of the tax thereon, are almost certain to operate unavoidably to the absent and voiceless creditor. Taking human nature as we find it, it is morally certain, that one and two county mortgages will not be uniformly and equally assessed and taxed under circumstances and influences so diverse as these.

But it may be, that these inequalities are not the necessary result of the law, and are directly attributable to its maladministration or human infirmity, and therefore it cannot be held unconstitutional on account of them. As was said by Mr. Justice Miller in Cummings vs. National Bank, supra, 161, the doings of those charged with the administration of the statute may be unlawful, while it is valid. As where the law requires all property to be assessed at its true cash value, and the officers of a county charged with the administration of this law purposely and generally assess certain property—for instance the land—at half its cash value, and certain other property—for instance, mortgages—at par or their full cash value. This want of uniformity cannot be charged to the law, but to the misconduct of those who administer it; and the remedy, as was held in Cummings vs. National Bank, supra, is not against the law, but its illegal administration. In such case the owner of the mortgage may have the collection of one-half the tax levied on his mortgage judicially restrained, and thereby secure uniformity in the taxation of the land and mortgage.

Yet it is apparent that the legislature does not obey the spirit of the injunction of the constitution, when it provides for the taxation of mortgages in a manner which, while it is uniform and just in letter and form, will, as every one at all conversant with the subject knows, result otherwise in practice.

But mortgages which are assessed in different counties are also liable to pay different rates of local taxation. For instance: A lives in Clackamas county and owns a mortgage on land in Yamhill and Polk counties. Being a two county mortgage, it is assessed to him in Clackamas county, if at all, and pays the county road and school tax levied in that county. B lives in the same county and owns a mortgage on land in Yamhill county. Being a one county mortgage, it is assessed and pays taxes in the latter county; and it is therefore morally certain that it will pay a different rate of local taxation from A's mortgage on land in the same county. For this want of uniformity, supposing that two county mortgages are taxable at all, I think the law must be held responsible. The fault is the necessary result of the law and not its administration. The difference in the rate of local taxation in the several counties of the state is as well known as the difference in their size, and is as inevitable as the difference in the yield of grain within their borders. And still, until it appears that the local rate is greater instead of less in Yamhill than in Clackamas, B may have no cause to complain of this want of uniformity, because he is not injured by it.

But waiving these suggestions, I see no reason to conclude that there is or ever was any law of this state providing for the taxation of mortgages, except the act of 1882, and that is expressly limited to mortgages on land "in no more than one county," and is therefore void for want of uniformity.

But it is also claimed in defendant's brief that admitting the act of 1882 "exempts" two county mortgages from taxation, the exemption is void and the law valid; citing People vs. McCreery, 34 Cal., 432; People vs. Gerke, 35 Id., 678, and People vs. Black Diamond Co., 37 Id., 54.

The latter two cases merely affirm the decision made in the first one. In that, the court held, reversing the cases of People vs. Coleman, 4 Cal., 46, and High vs. Shoemaker, 22 Cal., 363, that under the constitution of the state, which requires that "taxation shall be equal and uniform throughout the state;" and that "all property in the state shall be taxed in proportion to its value," the legislature had no power to exempt private property from taxation.

By the general revenue act then (1857) in force, it was provided that "all property of every kind and nature whatever within the state shall be subject to taxation except" certain property therein specified, as mining claims and growing crops.

The defendant resisted the collection of a tax levied under this law on property not within the exemptions, on the ground that the whole act was unconstitutional and void on account of the exemptions. But the court held that the exemption being void was no part of the act, and that it must be read as if that provision had not been inserted in it. To have held otherwise would have left the state wholly without a revenue act or revenue, and doubtless the argument of this inconvenience had weight with the court.

But this is not the case by any means. The act of 1882 does not in terms "exempt" two county mortgages, or "exempt" them from its operation. It relates simply to one county mortgages, and if two county mortgages are not affected by it, it is not because it exempts them from its operation, but for the reason that they are not included in it. It is a case then not of an illegal "exemption," but an "omission" or failure to provide. If the act had expressly or in effect first provided for the taxation of all mortgages, and then declared that two county mortgages should be exempt from its operation, the case would be parallel with People vs. McCreery. And upon the law of that case the court might declare the exemption void, and thus leave the act to have effect according to its terms upon all mortgages. But in a case like this, where the unconstitutionality of an act arises from an "omission" rather than an insertion, there is nothing to strike out or declare void, unless it be the whole act. A court may declare a clause in an act invalid and leave the act to stand without it, if the operation does not nullify or render nugatory what remains. But it cannot put words into an act which the legislature has omitted—and, presumably, deliberately so, for the purpose of making it valid. That would be legislation—making the law rather than declaring it. In other words, the power to strike an unconstitutional clause out of an act is a very different thing from the power to insert one in an act to make it constitutional. The one is judicial, the other legislative.

But it is also suggested in the brief for the defendants that the words of description or limitation "in no more than one county," by which the operation of the act is restrained or confined to one county mortgages may be stricken out as unconstitutional and then the act would in terms apply to all mortgages, and [illegible] to the charges of the [illegible] uniformity." But that would defeat the purpose of the legislature, which was to tax one county mortgages and no other. Besides, the method of [illegible] under the act is not [illegible] the subject of two county mortgages [illegible] could not be enforced [illegible] whether [illegible] what the legislature [illegible] it should be an act for the taxation of one county mortgages. The act would still contain the positive provision (§ 2) that a mortgage for the security of a debt shall be assessed in the county where the land lies; and that itself would prevent the application of the act to a mortgage upon land in more than one county.

But passing the question of uniformity, this act is clearly void, because it was passed in violation of § 23 of article IV. of the constitution, which expressly forbids the passage of a "special or local" law "for the assessment and collection of taxes." It is not necessary to add to what was said on this subject in the former opinion, as the brief only refers to Allen v. Hirsch, 8 Or., 412, which I regard as overruled by Manning v. Klippel, 9 Or., 367, so far as it decides that a public statute cannot be a "special or local" one within the meaning of § 23 of article IV. of the constitution of the state.

A "special" act relates to a part and not the whole—as one county mortgages and not all mortgages. And whether it is also considered a "public" or "private" one, is altogether immaterial and irrelevant. Under the constitution of this state all statutes are "public" ones, unless otherwise declared in the body of the act. Art. IX, § 27, Or. Con.

If an act is not a "special" one because it is also a "public" one—that is, an act of which courts take judicial notice, then every prohibition contained in the constitution against special legislation may be violated with impunity.

According to this idea, if the law is "public" it is not special. But the constitution makes it public, however special in its nature or operation, unless the legislature otherwise declare. So, as there can be no special law, according to this theory, unless the legislature so declare, it is not likely that when it undertakes to pass an act upon subjects forbidden to special legislation that it will take the trouble to declare it special and thus subject it to the risk of being declared unconstitutional.

But undoubtedly, under the constitution of the state, an act may be both "public" and "special or local," and the presence of one of these qualities in no way implies or excludes the other. An act cannot be both "public" and "private," but it can be either and be special.

The brief for the defendants also contains the statement, much circulated at the time the provisional injunction was allowed, to the effect that the Supreme Court in Mumford v. Sewell, supra, had decided that the act of 1882 is not in conflict with the constitution of the state, and this court had disregarded such decision, and held the act void notwithstanding. Now the fact is, the court in Mumford v. Sewell, did not hold the act constitutional any farther than as follows: (1). It was passed by the legislature according to the form prescribed by the constitution; (2). The legislature has power to provide for the taxation of mortgages; and, (3). The act does not impair the obligation of the contract between the mortgagor and mortgagee. The first of these rulings was followed by this court, of course, without comment, and the second with express approbation. The third ruling was concurred in, but, as the question involved is a federal one, it was decided by this court for itself.

The question of uniformity, upon which this court held the act void, was not presented to the state court, or decided by it. If it had been, this court would have followed it, of course.

To intelligent and fair-minded persons this explanation of so plain a matter may seem superfluous. But the statement that this court had wantonly and arbitrarily disregarded a decision of the supreme court of the state on a question of local law, has been so positively and persistently made, that I deem it but just to myself and the court in which I have the honor to sit, to correct it.

It is hardly necessary to add that in all my action in this matter, I have not been influenced by any desire to promote or prevent the taxation of mortgages, but only to ascertain and determine the rights of the parties to this suit, under the laws and constitution of the country.

The demurrer is overruled, and the defendants have ten days as provided in the stipulation, in which to answer the bill.

Mr. William H. Effinger for the plaintiff.

Mr. R. S. Strahan and Mr. John Burnett for the defendants.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

MONDAY, Aug. 18.

Overland receipts to date: [illegible] bbls. vinegar, 10 bgs nuts, 8 kegs [illegible], [illegible] casks [illegible], 2 cs cigarettes, [illegible] bags [illegible], [illegible] bbl fish, 80 bxs soap, 5 [illegible], 50 pkgs baking powder, 20 cs hams, [illegible], 25 bgs coffee, 1 [illegible].

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past 24 hours—[illegible] ctls wheat, 667 sks oats, [illegible], [illegible] wool, [illegible] fruit. Also [illegible] wheat, [illegible], 2 bxs fruit from the [illegible].

IMPORTS—Per steamer [illegible] from San Francisco—[illegible] bales, [illegible] seed, [illegible] salt, [illegible].

SALMON SHIPMENTS—Per Columbia, for San Francisco—Astoria Packing Co. [illegible]; Eureka Packing Co., [illegible]; Thomas & [illegible], [illegible]; total, 274 cases.

WHEAT—The market is very quiet. Buyers are not anxious to add to their stocks at present, the outlook for a good export trade not being very promising. We note a decline of one to two shillings in the English market. We hear of no transactions in this market, and quotations are purely nominal.

FREIGHTS—The market is easy, and a light advance [illegible] charged.

FLOUR—Local market continues dull, and prices remain unchanged.

OATS—Market is weak. Quote [illegible].

POTATOES—[illegible] at [illegible]. Barely [illegible].

GREEN FRUIT—Pears, [illegible]; [illegible], [illegible]; melons more plentiful and weak.

CHICKENS—We quote [illegible].

EGGS—Market weak. We quote [illegible], with choice wanted at [illegible].

SHIPPING NOTES.

The Bark City of York, arrived up yesterday and is lying at Mersey dock.

Schr Rebecca [illegible] up Friday and left for [illegible] Sunday [illegible] for San Francisco.

Str State of California will be due here to-morrow and the Oregon [illegible] for San Francisco to-morrow night.

Schr Edward and Anna sailed for Yaquina yesterday with full freight.

The str [illegible] for Yaquina to-morrow.

Br Tillie E. Starbuck, from Portland, arrived at Liverpool yesterday in a passage of 129 days, with a cargo of wheat and flour valued at $117,[illegible].

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.

Weather [illegible] warm [illegible].

Receipts—Wheat, [illegible]; [illegible] potatoes, [illegible].

Charters—[illegible].

Wheat—Spot, weak; buyers [illegible]. Extra [illegible]; No. 2 white [illegible]; buyer season, $1 40.

Flour—Weak and dull.

Barley—[illegible] lower at [illegible]. No. 1 feed [illegible]; buyer year [illegible]; buyer season, [illegible].

Oats—New [illegible] weak at $1 [illegible] good [illegible].

[illegible]

[illegible]

Potatoes—[illegible].

Hops—[illegible].

Tallow—Weak and declining.

Salmon—[illegible].

Wool—[illegible].

Green fruit—[illegible].

Butter—[illegible]; fair demand at [illegible].

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18—Arrived—Str City of New York, Hong Kong; ship City of Brooklyn, Seattle; schr J. B. Leeds, [illegible]. Sailed—Str Arcata, Coos bay; ship St. Charles, Liverpool; ship Geo. Stetson, [illegible]; Br ship Carmarthen Castle, Cork; Br ship Nebo, Cork.

Ohio, Indiana, Kentucky and New Hampshire suffering from drouth [illegible].

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—Sailed—Ship S. Davis, San Francisco.

PT. TOWNSEND, Aug. 17.—Arrived—Schr John F. Miller, San Francisco. Sailed—for Ancon, [illegible].

FOREIGN PORTS.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 16.—Arrived—Ship Tillie E. Starbuck, Portland; [illegible] entered out, Br bark [illegible], San Francisco.

FLEETWOOD, Aug. 4.—Arrived—Br ship Golden Fleece, San Francisco via Queenstown.

QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 7.—Sailed for Sunderland—Br ship [illegible] Erin, Portland, [illegible]. Sailed for Bristol, Br ship Dundee, San Francisco.

DUBLIN, Aug. 8.—Arrived—Br bark Laeta, San Francisco, via Falmouth.

FALMOUTH, Aug. 8.—Sailed for Barrow—Nor bk Jens Larsen, San Francisco.

YOKOHAMA, Aug. 14.—Arrived—Str City of Pekin, San Francisco.

ACAPULCO, Aug. 9.—Sailed—Str Colima, San Francisco.

MAZATLAN, Aug. 14.—Sailed—Str Granada, San Francisco.

RIO JANEIRO, July 21.—Sailed—Br ship Prince [illegible], San Francisco.

MINING STOCK REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.

Alpha	1 00	Hale & Norcross	2 65
Alta	2 45	Mexican	1 65
Bechtel	25	Mono	75
Best & Belcher	2 30	Ophir	1 35
Bullion	2 10	Potosi	1 25
Caledonia	3	Savage	1 40
Challenge	1 35	Sierra Nevada	1 75
Con Virginia	25	Union	1 75
Crown Point	1 45	Utah	1 00
Gould & Curry	1 55	Yellow Jacket	1 95

NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.

N. P., Common	23	Western Union	67
N. P., Preferred	54½	Pacific Mail	51⅞
Or. & Trans	17⅝	North Western	94½
Or. Imp. Stock	20½	Lake Shore	87⅞
Or. Imp. Bonds	[illegible]	New York Central	107½
O. R. & N. Stock	82¾	Erie	18¾

[illegible] QUOTATIONS.

Trans [illegible]	17¾	Western Union	67
Or. Imp. [illegible]	21½		

[illegible] Twine and Netting

WM. J. HOPPER & [illegible]

A. Y. V.

AYER'S Hair Vigor cures baldness. Hair Vigor restores youthful freshness and color to faded and gray hair. It attains these results by the stimulation of the hair roots and color glands. It rejuvenates the HAIR and cleanses it. It restores to the HAIR that, either by reason of age or disease of the scalp, has become dry, harsh and brittle, a pliancy and glossy silken softness of extreme beauty. There is no dye in Ayer's Hair VIGOR and the good it does is by the vigor it imparts to the follicles, and the cleanliness and healthfulness of the condition in which it maintains the scalp.

AYER'S Hair Vigor renews the hair. Hair Vigor is the best cure known for Brashy Hair, Scald Head, Itchant Humors, Tetter Sores, Torpid Follicles, and all other diseases of the scalp that cause the falling of the HAIR and its fading. Nothing cleanses the HAIR of the nuisance of dandruff so perfectly, and so effectually prevents its return, as AYER'S HAIR VIGOR. In addition to the curative and preventive virtues peculiar to Ayer's Hair VIGOR it is a toilet luxury. The Hair Vigor is by far the cleanliest hair-dressing made. It causes the hair to grow thick and long, and keeps it always soft and glossy.

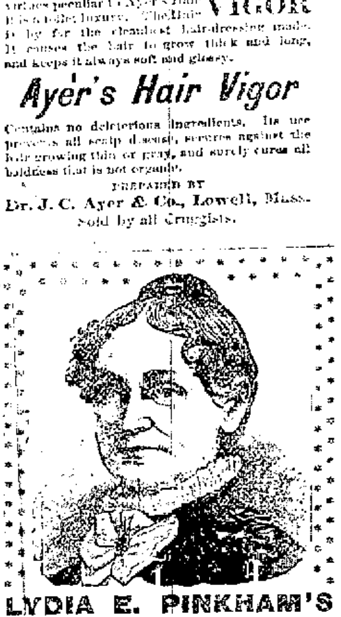
Ayer's Hair Vigor

Contains no deleterious ingredients. Its use prevents all scalp diseases, secures against the hair growing thin or gray, and surely cures all baldness that is not organic.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S

* VEGETABLE COMPOUND *

IS A POSITIVE CURE

For all of those Painful Complaints and Weaknesses so common to our best * * FEMALE POPULATION. * *

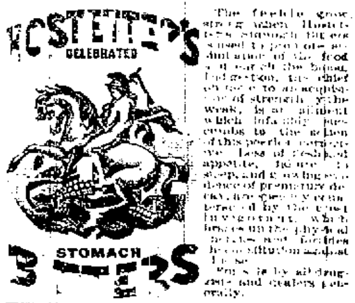
[illegible]

$11,950 IN CASH GIVEN AWAY

To the SMOKERS of Blackwell's Genuine Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco.

The genuine has picture of BULL on every package.

For particulars see our next announcement.



HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

[illegible]

GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

[illegible]

MANHOOD RESTORED

[illegible]

DR. CHEEVER'S ELECTRIC BELT

[illegible]

BROOKS'

[illegible]

TO MEN—Weak and undeveloped parts of the body enlarged and invigorated. [illegible] LADIES [illegible] MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

RIVER STEAMERS.

VANCOUVER TRANSPORTATION CO.

STRS. LURLINE or VANCOUVER, CAPT. JAS. T. GRAY, leave Portland at 4 P. M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted. For freight or passage apply on board at foot of Alder street.

TOWING between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Portland and LaCamas.

On and after Thursday, July 17, 1884, the splendid STEAMER TRAVELER, W. S. BUCHANAN, Master, will leave Morrison st. dock, Portland, daily (except Sundays) at 2:30 P. M., calling at Vancouver, Fisher's and all intermediate landings, arriving at LaCamas at 6:30 P. M.

Returning, leave LaCamas at 7 o'clock A. M.; arrive in Portland at 10:30 A. M.

For freight or passage apply at wharf or on boat.

STR. MANZANILLO,

Leaves Morrison st. wharf every alternate morning at 6 o'clock (Sunday excepted). On Mondays and Fridays for SKAMOKAWA, and on Wednesdays for CLATSKANIE and wayside landings; returning Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. 2tm

STEAMER ISABEL, CAPT. JAMES SMITH, will leave Salem every Monday and return every Tuesday. Freight for Albany and way stations on river will be received on Mondays. Portland landing foot of Madison street. For freight or passengers apply to GEORGE POPE, Agent.

For Astoria—Fast Line.

THE STEAMER FLEETWOOD,

Which has been thoroughly refitted for the comfort of passengers, will leave the foot of Morrison street on Tuesday and Thursday of each week at 6 A. M. and on Sunday at 9 o'clock A. M. arriving at Astoria at 1 P. M. on week days, and on Sunday at 4 P. M. Returning, leaves Astoria on Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 A. M. and arrives in Portland at 2 P. M.

Close connections with "Miles" for Ilwaco and "Shark" for Seaside and Gearhart, on Tuesdays and Thursdays.

Passengers by this route connect with the train for Gearhart Park. U. B. SCOTT, President.

FOR COWLITZ RIVER.

Steamer JOS. KELLOGG, from foot of Yamhill street, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M., via Willamette Slough, touching at St. Helens, Columbia City, Kalama, Carroll's Point, Rainier, Cedar Landing, Monticello, Freeport and way points. From Freeport, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

SHIPPING.

Notice to Shippers.

THE A. S. "IDAHO" WILL SAIL FROM

SAN FRANCISCO for PORTLAND

SATURDAY, AUG. 23, 1884.

Carrying Freight and Combustibles.

A. L. STOKES, General Freight and Passenger Agent.

NOTICE.

The S. S. "GYPSY" WILL SAIL

From Portland for Yaquina Bay,

TUESDAY, AUGUST 19, 1884,

At 7 O'clock P. M.,

CARRYING FREIGHT & PASSENGERS.

FREIGHT will be received on S. S. dock commencing Monday, Aug. 18. A. L. STOKES, General Freight and Passenger Agent.

NOTICE.

THE S. S. "COOS BAY,"

300 Tons register, new, fast-sailing, Classed A 1,

Is now loading in

SAN FRANCISCO for PORTLAND,

And will sail on or about

August 30 from San Francisco, and about August 30 from Portland, touching at Coos Bay.

Favorable rates of freight and passage will be obtained from the owners, THE COAST AND RIVER STEAMSHIP CO., San Francisco, or the agents, WATSON, WRIGHT & CO., 10 North Front street, Portland.

SUTTON & CO.'S DISPATCH LINE.

OF FIRST-CLASS CLIPPER SHIPS, FROM NEW YORK,

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON, DIRECT.

Shippers by this favorite line will forward their orders as early as possible. SUTTON & CO., 82 South street, New York.

SUTTON & BEEBE, Agents, 13 N. Front st., Portland, Or.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

R. C. JANION & Co., Liverpool, Eng. | R. C. JANION, Victoria, V. I.

R. C. JANION & SON,

Portland, Or.,

Importers & Commission Merchants

Receive constant shipments of

Coal, Tin Plates, Pig Iron, Salt, Fire Bricks, Bags, Chemicals, Earthenware, Wines and Liquors, etc., etc.

MEYER, WILSON & Co., San Francisco, Cal. | WILSON, MEYER & Co., Liverpool, Eng.

MEYER, WILSON & CO.,

(Successors to Rodgers, Meyer & Co.) Portland, Or.

Shipping and Commission Merchants.

Liberal advances made on shipments of Wheat and Flour. Orders executed by our direct line of sailing ships from Liverpool to Portland, for J. B. White & Bro's Cement, Pig Iron, Coal, Coke, English Salt, Fire Bricks, Bags and Bagging, Tin and Terne Plates, etc.

MARKETS.

PACIFIC MARKET.

M. M. SPAULDING | THOS. PAPWORTH

SPAULDING & PAPWORTH,

BUTCHERS AND PACKERS, DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF MEATS.

Corner Third and Ash streets.

A. H. JOHNSON,

Central Market,

Wholesale Butcher and Packer,

Special attention paid to supplying ships.

Highest cash price paid for all kinds of fat stock.

"OUR BABY

thrives on Horlick's Food," write hundreds of grateful mothers. Mother's milk contains no starch. An artificial food for Infants should contain no starch. The best and most nutritious [illegible] in health [illegible] for INFANTS, and the best diet for DYSPEPTICS and INVALIDS is

HORLICK'S FOOD

Already Digested, free from starch and requires no cooking. Recommended by Physicians. Highly beneficial to Nursing Mothers as a drink. Price 40 and 75 cents. By all druggists. Send for Book on the Treatment of Children, free.

"Easily digested and nutritious."—G. W. Bailey, M. D., Elizabeth, N. J.

"I find it all that could be desired."—W. W. Reid, [illegible], Kansas.

"No hesitancy in pronouncing it superior to any [illegible]."—E. S. Coburn, M. D., Troy, N. Y.

Sent by mail on receipt of price in stamps.

HORLICK'S FOOD CO., Racine, Wis.

Also Horlick's Dry Extract of Malt.

HODGE, DAVIS & CO., Portland, Or.

W. A. S.

WOLFE'S

Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps.

As a general beverage, and necessary corrective of water rendered impure by vegetable decomposition or other causes, as Limestone, Calcareous, Lime Water, etc., the AROMATIC SCHNAPPS is superior to every other alcoholic preparation. A public trial of over thirty years' duration, in every section of our country, of UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SCHNAPPS, its unsolicited indorsement by the medical faculty, and a sale unequaled by any other alcoholic distillation have secured for it the reputation for salubrity claimed for it. For sale by all Druggists and Grocers.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S SON & CO.,

18 Beaver St., New York.

DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S

C & G

Preventive and Cure, for either Sex.

[illegible]

Dr. Felix Le Brun & Co. Sole Props.

WOODARD, CLARKE & CO., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, PORTLAND, OREGON.

Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

CLUETT'S CROWN COLLARS AND CUFFS

TRADE MARK

MONARCH SHIRTS

SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS

ZAN BROTHERS,

Manufacturers of

BROOMS AND WOODEN WARE, AND [illegible] WILLOW WARE.

[illegible]

VIGOR For Men. Quick, sure, safe. Book free. Civiale Agency, 160 Fulton st., New York.

RAILWAYS

EXCURSION

Season of 1884.

STEAMER [illegible]

WILL LEAVE [illegible] ria until further [illegible] DAY at 6 A. M.; on [illegible] Astoria WEDNESD[illegible] SUNDAY at 4:15 P. M.

TICKETS FOR [illegible]

WIDE WEST will [illegible] Rainier, Oak Point, [illegible] landings where she [illegible] ly, connecting at Astoria [illegible] or "General Miles" fo[illegible] Ilwaco. WIDE WEST [illegible] for the Seaside House [illegible] land to Ilwaco and [illegible]

PUGET SOUND [illegible]

DAILY, except Sunday [illegible] wharf at 1 P. M. [illegible]

Tacoma, [illegible]

Portland to Tacoma [illegible]
Portland to Seattle [illegible]
Portland to Victoria [illegible]

Passengers leaving [illegible] or Friday will connect [illegible] Island; on alternate da[illegible]

TO THE CASCADES [illegible]

Steamer leaves Ash [illegible] at 7 A. M.; returning [illegible] Fare for the Round [illegible]

MULTNOMAH FALLS

WEDNESDAYS [illegible]

Round Trip Tickets [illegible]

Train leaves Ree [illegible] M., arriving at Multnomah [illegible] leave the Falls at [illegible] at 6:30.

Procure tickets [illegible] tickets can only be [illegible] pany. Persons going [illegible] tickets will be charged [illegible]

A. L. MAXWELL, [illegible]

Oregon R'y & Nav. Co.

OCEAN DIVISION.

LEAVE PORTLAND AT 12 MIDNIGHT [illegible]
Oregon, Monday, [illegible]
State, Saturday, [illegible]
Columbia, Thurs, [illegible]
Oregon, Tuesday, [illegible]
State, Sunday, Aug. [illegible]
Columbia, Friday, [illegible]
Oregon, Wed., Sept. [illegible]
State, Monday, Sept. [illegible]

Right reserved to [illegible]

RAIL [illegible]

Transfer steamer [illegible] leaves Ash st. wharf [illegible]
Pacific Express [illegible]
Main Line Passenger [illegible] ing at Wallula [illegible]
Through Sleeping [illegible] ing Room Sleeping [illegible]
Emigrant Train [illegible] and arrives at [illegible]
Emigrant Sleeping [illegible] without change. [illegible] emigrants are carried [illegible]

MIDDLE COLUMBIA [illegible]

DAILY [illegible]

Boat leaves Portland [illegible]

Leave Portland for [illegible]
Astoria & Lower Columbia [illegible]
Dayton, Or. [illegible]
Salem [illegible]
Corvallis [illegible]
Tacoma and Seattle [illegible]
Victoria steamers [illegible]

NARROW GAUGE [illegible]

Between PORTLAND [illegible]

Trains for West [illegible] on Wednesday [illegible]
For Brownsville [illegible] land at 4 P. M. on [illegible]

EAST PORTLAND [illegible] via O[illegible]

Leave Portland [illegible] for Portland at 6[illegible]
Freight for all [illegible] or received and [illegible] and West Side [illegible]

General Offices [illegible]

C. H. [illegible]

A. L. MAXWELL [illegible]

GREAT OVERLAND [illegible]

Northern Pacific [illegible]

278 MILES [illegible]

The Shortest Line [illegible] East, and [illegible] THROUGH [illegible]

Portland and St. Paul [illegible]

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC [illegible]

Is the Only Line [illegible]

PASSENGER TRAINS [illegible]
PULLMAN PALACE [illegible]
PALACE DINING CARS [illegible]
LUXURIANT [illegible]
EMIGRANT SLEEPERS [illegible]

WASHINGTON AND [illegible]

TO THE EAST

Via The [illegible]

VIA THE NORTHERN PACIFIC & ST. PAUL & MINNEAPOLIS [illegible]

And Thereby [illegible]

Leave Portland [illegible] apolis or St. Paul [illegible]
Connections made [illegible] all points East, So[illegible]

PACIFIC [illegible]

Leave Portland [illegible] rive New Tacoma [illegible] & Twa boats for [illegible]
CHAS. S. FEE, [illegible]
A. D. CHARLTON, [illegible]

A. L. MAXWELL, [illegible]

Oregon & California R. R.

On and after June [illegible]

DAILY [illegible]

Between PORTLAND [illegible]

LEAVE [illegible]
Portland [illegible]
Ashland [illegible]
Arrive [illegible]
LEAVE [illegible]
Portland [illegible]

Pullman Palace [illegible] days and Thursdays [illegible] Tuesdays and Fridays [illegible]

The Oregon and California [illegible] makes connection [illegible] on the Eastside [illegible]

BETWEEN PORTLAND [illegible]

LEAVE [illegible]
Portland [illegible]
Corvallis [illegible]

LEAVE [illegible]
Portland [illegible]
McMinnville [illegible]

Close connection [illegible] the California and [illegible]
Local tickets for [illegible] pany's up-town [illegible] Tickets for principal [illegible] secured and baggage [illegible]

Coupon F[illegible]

Fare between P[illegible] only 31 hours' stage [illegible]

E. KOEHLER, [illegible] Manager

NERVOUS DEBILITY

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, a guaranteed [illegible] ness, Convulsions [illegible] Headache, Nervous [illegible] of alcohol or tobacco [illegible] pression, Softening [illegible] sanity and leading [illegible] Premature Old [illegible] in either sex [illegible] orrhea caused [illegible] abuse or over-[illegible] one month's treatment [illegible] for $5.00, sent [illegible]

WE GUARANTEE [illegible] to cure any case [illegible] for six boxes [illegible] send the purchaser [illegible] fund the money [illegible] a cure. Guarantee [illegible]

WOODARD [illegible]

Wholesale [illegible]

PORTLAND [illegible]

Orders by mail [illegible]

MARRIAGE GUIDE

260 pages [illegible] money or [illegible] contains all the [illegible] to know, [illegible] Health, Beauty [illegible] vice—who may [illegible] necessary [illegible] WHITTIER, [illegible] cure for ills [illegible]